

# BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam aut faciam.

Volume XXIX. Number 48.

## SMALL CHILD KILLED BY PASSENGER TRAIN.

**Distressing Accident Which Occurred Last Friday Near Louisa.**

About eight o'clock on Friday morning last C. & O. train No. 36 from Ashland ran over Sophia Ellen, the two-year-old daughter of Mrs. Lou McGuire, causing injuries which proved fatal in less than two hours.

The child was placed on the train and taken to Louisa and carried to the hospital in all haste, but it was at once seen that the accident was a fatal one. However, Dr. York and company surgeon G. W. Wren did all that was possible for the little one, using every known means to prevent what they feared was inevitable, but all efforts were unavailing. The child never recovered from the shock and died at 9:30 o'clock without having regained consciousness.

The body had been frightfully mangled. The left leg was torn off at the knee, hanging by only a strip of flesh, the left shoulder joint was crushed and the shoulder blade broken. There was a deep cut above the right eye, the bottom of the right foot deeply cut, with numerous bruises and cuts on various parts of the body.

From the hospital the body was taken to the saddened home of the widowed mother a short distance below the mouth of Two Mile, and on the following day it was interred in the McGuire's burying ground.

Early on the morning of the day this lamentable and entirely unavoidable accident occurred the child's mother left on horseback to go to Busseyville. Her three older children had gone to school, and she left the two younger ones, the little girl and an older brother, in the care of their grandmother, Mrs. James Calvin Frazier. Not long after Mrs. McGuire had gone Mrs. Frazier left the house to attend to a cow which was grazing across the railroad a short distance from the house, which is on the lower side of the road, not far below the old McGuire place. She put up the bars to keep the children from going out and thought they were safe. Shortly after she had crossed the railroad she heard the morning train whistle and instinctively looking up was horrified to see the little girl, who had crept between the bars and followed her, standing in the middle of the track. She screamed to the little one but it had evidently made no effort to get out of the way. The engineer, Mr. Daniels, an experienced and competent man, applied the emergency brakes using all possible means to stop the train but it could not be done in so short a time and the child was run over by the engine and one car before it could be brought to a standstill.

On this occasion George Parsons, extra engineman on the C. & O., made a heroic though unsuccessful attempt to save the life of the unfortunate little girl. He was firing on this trip and saw the child's imminent peril. Without a moment's hesitation he, at the great risk of his own life, climbed out upon the running board of the engine and out to the pilot in faint hope that he could grasp the child and snatch her from the track, but before he could reach her she sat down on the track and was run over. His act was a brave deed, and for its performance Mr. Parsons deserves as much credit as if it had been successful. The poor little thing was only a short distance from the train when discovered by the engineer and no power on earth could have saved her.

### ELDER WILLIAMS SAID GOOD BY.

At the M. E. Church South on Sunday night last Preaching Elder O. F. Williams preached his last official sermon to his charge at this place. His fourth year as Elder of the Ashland District of the Western Virginian Conference closes with the meeting of the annual conference next month, and as the law of the church forbids a longer holding than four years in the same district, Elder Williams' labors here are at a close. He has been a faithful official, serving the people and the church with zeal, intelligence and success. He had a hard field to cover, a large area and many churches, but whenever it was possible was at his post on time and to the satisfaction of the people. Elder Williams is a hearty, cheerful Christian, a good man and good preacher, and his people of the Louisa church part with him reluctantly.

### TO CALIFORNIA BY AUTOMOBILE.

On last Saturday evening Robert Shank and Walter Dingus, came to Louisa in a "racer" automobile to visit the former's father, Mr. Shank, of the Louisa mill. They returned to Huntington the same evening and left that city the next day for San Francisco in the same machine. Their car carries a camp outfit and a portable shooting gallery. The young men will go from place to place, stopping to set up their gallery outfit for a few days, and expect to reach the Golden Gate in time for the Panama Exposition. They will return by a different route and will be gone about three years.

### SPLENDID GRAPES.

John Norton, of this city, recently brought to the NEWS office a perfect bunch of perfect grapes. They were white, of delicious flavor, and made a beautiful object lesson in horticulture, showing in a striking way the benefits of proper spraying.

### SPENCER-O'NEAL.

Quite a unique wedding took place at midnight Saturday, August 1, when Miss Jean Spencer and Dana O'Neal, of Louisa, Ky., were married by Rev. J. N. Herald at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fisher F. Scaggs in Wayne. They arrived here about 11:30 p.m. from Louisville, aroused the county clerk and minister at this late hour, secured their license to wed and were married in order that they might surprise their many friends in Louisa. Cupid has many ways.—Huntington Herald.

The witnesses to this romantic marriage were members of a house party at the Scaggs home, and were: Harry Lambert, Jack Ferguson, Sam Ferguson, Texie Garret, Little Ferguson, and Michael Yates, of Huntington; Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Scaggs.

The bride was visiting at the home of Mrs. Scaggs, who, as Emma Marmon, was an old friend of hers. The groom left Louisa shortly after dusk on the night of Saturday, August 1st, returning Sunday night. The bride returned on Tuesday. They are now comfortably quartered at the hotel Savoy.

This wedding is the culmination of a long and devoted courtship. The attachment between the two was quite pronounced, neither being often seen in public without the other. Both are quite young, well known and popular. The bride is the third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Spencer, amiable and pretty. Mr. O'Neal is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. O'Neal. He is assistant postmaster at this place, is of excellent character and habits. With all the world before them, with industry and good health, there is no reason why Mr. and Mrs. Dana O'Neal should not prosper and be happy. At least this is the wish of their friends.

**QUITE A NICE SHOWER.**

Several nice showers have fallen recently, among them a "shower" which occurred on Thursday night of last week in honor of George Shivel and wife, who wins Miss Lizzie Lee. Useful and ornamental articles in large number and great variety were brought and sent to the youthful pair, who appreciated the kindness of their relatives and friends.

### LOUISA SOCIALLY GAY LAST WEEK.

**Three Elaborate Functions Given by the Younger Set.**

Louisa was quite dressed up, so to speak, last week. Three events, each different in its way, but all very pleasant, attracted the attention of the young and younger set.

To begin at the beginning, on Tuesday evening Miss Kizzie Clay Burns gave a party to a crowd of her intimates. These juveniles know how to have an enjoyable time, and their attractive host knows just how to provide one, particularly when she has the skilled help of her good mother.

The occasion under consideration was very much of a dancing event, none of your "forward" and "backward," "right-and-left," "balance all" affairs, but a modern, up-to-the-minute Terpsichorean whirl—all glide and step and sway and swing. All quite proper and all very pretty. Of course there were refreshments galore and inviting, so we may be sure the ladies and lasses were not disappointed of their expected good time.

### Miss Catherine Carey.

On the following day, from 5 to 8 p.m. Miss Catherine Carey, who has reached the mature age of 7 years, was the pretty little host of more than half a hundred of her little friends of about the same age, some a little younger, some older. The occasion was the fair damsel's birthday, and it was joyously remembered. Armed in best bib and tucker the knights and ladies came promptly and prematurely, each bringing a choice offering for Miss Catherine to keep as a momento of her anniversary. Pink and white were the colors of this function, held out doors, and cake and orange sherbet were served. A miniature fishpond held a souvenir for every guest. The gay crowd had small rods and lines and each one got not only a bite but "fish" as well. The diversion took the place of the regulation favors. The whole affair was very pleasant to all concerned.

### Miss Agnes Abbott.

On Wednesday evening, from 8 till late, Miss Agnes Abbott, an accomplished and attractive young girl of this city, charmingly entertained many of her friends at her home with an "Eskimo" party. It was given out-of-doors, in the misty moonbeams, fading light, and the candles softly burning, the NEWS herewith apologetically to the author of "The Burial of Sir John Moore."

Invitations had been sent to many, and there were few, if any, declinations. Numerous small tables dotted the pretty lawn, each provided with the means for playing games with "pasteboard." Later these tables were used for the spread of most delicious seasonable refreshments, served tastefully and abundantly. The scene made by the pretty girls in their modern gowns, with Japanese lanterns almost numerous enough to form a canopy of light, was a brilliant and beautiful one. The fair host, winnowing in wry and worth, made an ideal entertainer, and her guests will not soon forget what a delightful evening they passed on August fifth, nineteen hundred and fourteen.

## PRESIDENT WILSON'S WIFE PASSES AWAY.

**The End Came at 5:00 O'clock on Last Thursday Evening.**

Washington, Aug. 6.—Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President of the United States, died at the White House at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Death came after a brave struggle of months against Bright's disease with complications.

The President was completely unnerved by the shock, and his grief was heart-rending. He bore up well under the strain, however, and devoted himself to his daughters.

The end came while Mrs. Wilson was unconscious. Her illness took a turn for the worse shortly before 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and from then on she grew gradually weaker.

Kneeling at the bedside at the end were the President and their three daughters, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. N. and nurse were in the room, and just outside a door were Secretary McAdoo and Francis B. Sayre, Mr. Wilson's son-in-law, and Mr. Tumulty, his secretary.

Both houses of Congress adjourned when Mrs. Wilson's death was announced and for a brief time the wheels of the Government practically stopped, while everyone paid respect to the loss of the President.

### Beginning of the End.

The beginning of the end came at 10 o'clock this morning when Dr. E. P. Davis, of Philadelphia, who had been called in for consultation, realized that the time for hope had passed. He took the President into the Red room of the White House and there in a broken voice told him the truth. Mr. Wilson's face blanched, but he bore the shock well. He was informed that the end was only a question of hours.

Mr. Wilson then took his daughters, Mrs. W. G. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Margaret Wilson, aside and told them of their mother's condition. Until then they had thought there was a chance for her recovery.

From that time on the President and his daughters remained constantly at Mrs. Wilson's bedside. The President held his wife's hand and the three daughters were grouped nearby. Until she became unconscious Mrs. Wilson frequently nodded to one or the other and smiled cheerfully.

### Touching Devotion.

During the day Mrs. Wilson spoke to Dr. Grayson about the President, whose health she thought more about than she did of her own.

"Promise me," she whispered faintly, "that if I go you will take care of my husband."

It was the same touch of devotion which she had so many times repeated—her constant anxiety having been that the President might not worry about her or be disturbed in official tasks.

The President returned to the sick room from the last conference with the doctor, his three daughters leaning on his arm. Francis Bowes Sayre, Secretary McAdoo and Secretary Tumulty stayed outside the door. Mrs. Wilson lapsed into unconsciousness, but rallied. By 1 o'clock she began to sink rapidly. She could still recognize those about her, and looked cheerfully toward them with the same sweet smile that will linger long in the memory of the many who knew her. It was a characteristic expression of sweetness which officials and their families, as well as people in the slums whom she had befriended, had learned to love.

### Sleep of Unconsciousness.

At 2 o'clock Mrs. Wilson was still conscious, but her strength had almost departed, and a few minutes later she sank into the sleep of unconsciousness from which she never awoke. For three hours the President and his three daughters gazed longingly into her eyes in the hope that she might speak to them again, but she could not. The sun was casting its long shadows from the Potomac to the south grounds, coloring the fountains, gardens and elms. There was hushed stillness in the upper apartments. All eyes were turned toward the southwest corner of the house.

Just at the hour of 5 death came. The President and his daughters were in tears, Secretary Tumulty walked slowly to the executive offices, his head bowed. Quietly he announced to the correspondents that the end had come.

### Cause of Death.

Dr. Grayson issued an official statement on the nature of Mrs. Wilson's illness, which resulted in her death.

The statement was as follows:

"The chief cause of Mrs. Wilson's illness was a chronic kidney trouble. This developed as one of the results of a nervous breakdown brought on by overwork. In her ambition to perform her full duty in Washington, Mrs. Wilson added to her social obligations a very great activity in other work connected with the slums of Washington, and in various other enterprises connected with the betterment of conditions of life here."

At the same time she was very active in attempting to bring about constructive action in the matter of education in the Southern mountain districts.

"The first sign that she was doing too much appeared last February, and since then she had suffered a great

deal, culminating in the chronic kidney trouble."

### Was Born in Georgia.

Mrs. Wilson was born in Savannah, Ga. In the strenuous Civil War times, and in that city passed her childhood and early girlhood.

To that city on June 24, 1885, she returned to be married to Woodrow Wilson, then a fledgling law graduate from the University of Virginia.

### Funeral at Rome, Ga.

Simplicity marked the funeral of Mrs. Wilson at Rome, Ga., in deference to the wishes of the President. There was a forty-five minute service at the First Presbyterian Church, where Mrs. Wilson's father was pastor for seventeen years, and even shorter services at Myrtle Hill Cemetery, where interment was made.

Rome, the girlhood home of Mrs. Wilson, was garbed in black for the funeral and traffic was closed on all streets through which the funeral procession passed from the station to the church and cemetery.

Only members of the family and close friends were invited to the church, where the services were conducted by the Reverend Dr. Bach, of Princeton, and the Reverend Dr. Snyder, the local Presbyterian pastor.

### THE OLD AND THE NEW.

The oldest house in Fleming, Letcher county, is a one-room log cabin with a lean-to built by Daniel Boone, and with clap-boards fastened at each end by wooden pins. This house is at present occupied by Mr. Arch Meade and family, consisting of his wife and four children. They have a little farm, small orchard and garden, growing sweet potatoes and watermelons.

### "STEAMBOAT BILL."

A correspondent of the Big Sandy News has a namesake. Recently on the steamer Bowling Green, near Bowling Green, Ky., a boy baby was born to a passenger, and by unanimous consent was called Steamboat Bill.

The man had selected the time for his exploit quite well. It was after the bank's banking hours, and ordinarily he would have ample time in which to make a good getaway, but he did not know that Louisa banks seldom close early. Hence his failure to escape.

Thursday morning Sheriff Stone went to Huntington to learn something of the man and upon his return the prisoner will have an examining trial.

## CLEVER FORGER AT WORK IN LOUISA.

**A Man With Many Names Was Very Liberal With Bogus Checks.**

About 7 o'clock on last Wednesday evening a young man hailing from Huntington and sailing under several aliases, entered the store of W. L. Ferguson, this city, and purchased a suit of clothes, tendering a check for \$17.00 in payment. The check was drawn on the First National, of Louisa, and was signed by A. L. Martin and seemed genuine. The man took the suit and left. Shortly afterward the same man went to the department store of W. D. Pierce and bought a pair of shoes and presented a check for \$5, also drawn on the First National and signed A. M. Robbins. The check looked all right and the man of many names left with the shoes. He then went to John Jeems' livery stable and tried to hire a rig to take him across the river into West Virginia, but careful John said "no," and the adventurer departed.

Meanwhile Mr. Ferguson had gone to the bank and discovered that the check was bogus. He at once informed Sheriff Stone, who soon found the man, arrested him and lodged him in jail on a charge of forgery. He had what he called a letter of recommendation signed by Sam Gleason, a well known merchant of Huntington. In the letter the man was called C. M. Denny. The man had selected the time for his exploit quite well. It was after the bank's banking hours, and ordinarily he would have ample time in which to make a good getaway, but he did not know that Louisa banks seldom close early. Hence his failure to escape.

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### OFFICIAL REPORT SHOWS BECKHAM IS NOMINATED.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 12.—Former Gov. J. C. W. Beckham was nominated in the Democratic primary for United States Senator by a plurality of 6,806, out of a vote of 158,805, the largest vote by far ever cast in a primary in Kentucky.

When Mercer county sent in its official vote today the list of counties was completed and the vote in the Democratic Senatorial race was at once tabulated. It shows:

Beckham .....	72,677
Stanley .....	65,871
McCreary .....	20,257

Former Gov. Beckham carried eighty-five out of the 120 counties, and eight out of the eleven districts.

### "THIS LITTLE PIG WENT TO MARKET."

A little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Bays, who live on Prichard farm at the falls of Little Sandy, one mile south of Greenup, lost one of her big toes in a peculiar manner.

The little tot, with other little children, went to the hog pen and climbed upon the fence, which enclosed a number of pigs. Her little toes were protruding on the inside of the fence through a crack, when a pig grabbed the foot and amputated a big toe to gratify its everlasting appetite.

The little girl is less than two years old and the injured member is healing up nicely.

### MOONLIGHT SCHOOLS.

Frankfort, Ky.—By September 7th, the State Illiteracy Commission hopes to have 1,000 moonlight schools, with an attendance of 50,000 adult pupils, open in Kentucky four nights during the week. At the meeting of the Commission here next Saturday the definite number which its members desire to establish by September will be designated, but Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, chairman of the Commission, said that 1,000 would be the minimum.

County after county is falling in line, Mrs. Stewart said

**Boils**  
**Biliousness**  
**Malaria**  
**Constipation**

## Are You Troubled?

### Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Perhaps this case may be similar to yours

J. Wesley Tilly (Box 673.) Salina, Cal., writes: "Gentlemen.—It gives me much pleasure to be able to send you a testimonial, if by reaching some sufficient your medicines will do as much for him as they have for me. At the age of fourteen I was troubled a great deal with boils and biliousness, accompanied with the worst sort of large boils. I was persuaded by my parents, who have always been strong believers in Dr. Pierce's remedies, to try the Golden Medical Discovery. At first one boil would be followed by another, but I did not care at one bottle. I took three and the malacia all left me and I have had no more boils to this day, thanks to the 'Golden Medical Discovery' for my relief."

"Following an operation he appendicitis two years ago I was suffering with constipation and I have been trying Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pilllets and they have rid me of this trouble. Give me a sample of your pills and for the price of a few cents enclose a stamp for the 'Pilllets' and for the advice I have obtained from The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." Send only \$1 cents for this 100g book.

for over forty years has been lending its aid to just such cases as this. In our possession we have thousands of testimonials of like character.

Perhaps you are skeptical, but isn't it worth at least a trial in view of such strong testimony? Isn't it reasonable to suppose that if it has done so much for others it can do as much for you?

Your druggist will supply you in tablet or tablet form, or you can send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box. Address:

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

## NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST FROM THE WORLD AT LARGE.

THURSDAY.

Germany, in pushing its advance through Belgium, has met with strong opposition around Liege, where the Belgian forces, according to official advices reaching Brussels, have repulsed the German army of the Meuse under Gen. Von Emmich. The Germans are reported to have lost several thousand in killed and wounded. Field Marshal Kitchener has been appointed Secretary of State for War in the British Cabinet, and will have under his direction the military campaign against Germany. The French troops have joined the Belgians in opposing the progress of Germany through Belgium, and it is reported that possibly Great Britain may send re-enforcements.

The President of the United States has proffered his services as mediator to the European nations at war.

The German Ambassador will leave England Thursday by dispatch boat. Both at St. Petersburg and Berlin the German and Russian embassies, respectively, have been attacked by mobs.

The capture of a number of German steamers by the British is reported, and the British cruiser Amphion has sunk the Hamburg-American Line steamer Koenig Luis.

Russian frontier patrols have penetrated ten miles into Germany.

Travelers returning from the North Sea bring word that no hostile warships were to be seen.

Germany has issued an ultimatum to Italy a party to the Triple Alliance which has declared neutrality.

Measures for the relief of the 100,000 Americans aboard have been perfected. President Wilson yesterday signed the bill appropriating \$2,500,000 in gold to be sent abroad. The cruiser Tennessee will leave with this amount and \$5,000,000 more sent by bankers to-night. Plans are now being perfected for chartering a fleet of neutral vessels to bring Americans home.

The financial tone of this country was more reassuring yesterday, and all signs were bright. The biggest problem was to take care of the foreign-owned stock brought over by the Olympic, but the New York bankers combined to handle them.

The Senate passed the Newlands Bill for the creation of a Federal Trade Commission of five members, which will have extended authority over corporations. The bill differs radically from that adopted by the House, which it is believed, will refuse to accept it and will demand a conference.

Provisional President Carbajal and Carranza have reached an agreement on the surrender of Mexico City to the Constitutionalists. Villa also agreed to peace without consulting Carranza.

Whether or not Indore Hinman, a Republican, for Governor of New York, split a meeting of Progressives in New York yesterday.

Coal mine operators and representatives of 10,000 mines in Southern Ohio are holding a wage conference at Wheeling, W. Va.

Thorwald Nielsen, manager of the Danish Old People's Home in Chicago, shot his wife to death and then hanged himself.

Senator W. J. Stone was renominated by the Missouri Democrats with a plurality of over 10,000 votes.

FRIDAY.

Out of London comes the report that the British fleet has engaged the German fleet in battle on the high seas. The British admiralty refuses information as to whether a naval engagement is in progress, but the British warships, which put out several days ago, have been searching for the Germans in the North Sea. The British cruiser Amphion has been sunk by contact with a mine, with a loss of more than a hundred men.

Emperor William, of Germany, in an order to the army and navy, calls upon all Germans capable of bearing arms, to fight for the fatherland.

In Belgium, Germans and Belgians are fighting around Liege, where upwards of 100,000 men are engaged. According to official reports from Brussels, the two days' fighting has cost the Germans thousands of men. The Germans are also believed to have lost heavily. As yet there have been no reports from the German sources as to the outcome of the German attacks.

Austria-Hungary has declared war on Russia, and the Russian Ambassador at Vienna has been given his passports.

The British Prime Minister in the House of Commons asked for an additional war appropriation of \$500,000,000 and an army increase of 500,000 men, both of which requests were granted. At the same time the Government declared a moratorium in London for a month, with certain exceptions.

Russian cavalry, endeavoring to enter East Prussia, have been driven back by the German frontier guards. A Tien Tsin dispatch says the Russian cruiser Enden, in an engagement off Weihaiwei, have both been sunk.

Rapid progress was made yesterday toward the relief of Americans in Europe. President Wilson issued an order constituting a Board of Relief made up of Cabinet members. All arrangements have been made to send money to relieve United States citizens abroad.

Between 5,000 and 6,000 Americans have obtained certificates of citizenship at the Embassy in Paris.

Americans in England are in a much better fix, and steps are being taken now by Americans in London to relieve the distress of those on the continent.

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**Collections made**  
in any part  
of the world  
by this bank

All our customers have to do is to deposit with us checks or drafts payable anywhere in this country and we will get the money for them. No charge is made by us for such services to our customers.

CAPITAL \$50,000.00.

SURPLUS, \$20,000.00.

MAKE OUR BANK YOUR BANK.

M. G. Watson, Pres.

M. F. Conley, Cashier.

Aug. Snyder, V. Pre-

G. R. Burgess,

Asst. Cashier.

THE LOUISA NATIONAL

BANK

Dr. T. D. Burgess.

F. H. Yates.

Dr. L. H. York.

R. L. Vinson.

CORNER OF MAIN STREET, LOUISA, KY.

Only \$127,000,000 in additional currency has been shipped out to the subtreasuries of the country under the Aldrich-Vreeland law since the war scare began.

Twelve hundred Americans started in Denmark sailed direct for the United States from Copenhagen yesterday.

The Senate was ready to vote on the bill to amend the Panama Canal act so as to admit foreign ships to American registry yesterday, when the death of Mrs. Wilson caused adjournment.

Divergent views as to whether or not local mining companies in Butte have interfered with the politics of the unions were expressed before the Industrial Relations Commission yesterday.

Gen. Carranza has not been officially advised of the reported willingness of the Federales to surrender. He sent a message to Carbajal yesterday advising him to take this course.

Secretary Bryan yesterday sent to the Senate a statement outlining the differences in the twenty-two peace treaties reported favorably by the Foreign Relations Committee.

Fire which threatened to wipe out several blocks of Louisville property did \$100,000 of damage yesterday between Eighth and Ninth and Jefferson streets.

The Louisville & Nashville and other roads entering Mobile are refusing freight shipments for Europe through that port.

R. B. Flatt, of Hickman county, has been appointed by the Governor as Judge of the Fifteenth district.

Bids will soon be received for the services of 650 convicts at the Frankfort Reformatory.

The 1915 convention of the Knights of Columbus will be held in Seattle.

SATURDAY.

The siege of Liege is the outstanding feature of the European war. The latest dawives, received by way of London in the form of official dispatches, say that Liege still holds out against the attacks of the German army of the Meuse.

The Germans have been granted a twenty-four-hour armistice to bury their dead.

On the authority of the Belgian War Ministry the German casualties in the battle around Liege number 25,000, according to their own admission. An official statement issued from Berlin described the attempt on the Liege fortress as unsuccessful, and the assault of the Germans "a unique act of heroism," and added that it will not be the slightest influence on the large operations of the German army.

German diplomats have been using their utmost efforts to win Italy to the German side, but without success. The Italian Ambassador at London said Italy had declared her neutrality and would adhere to it.

Winton Spencer Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, denied that there has been an engagement between the German and British fleets in the North Sea.

With a loan fund of \$75,000 secured by prominent Americans to relieve the distress of their compatriots in London, the situation there is much better. In France arrangements are being perfected to send Americans home. Cablegrams are being received in Kentucky from friends and relatives touring Europe. All are safe.

Bankers and exporters have been called to meet at a conference in Washington next week, when plans will be discussed for moving the grain and cotton crops abroad. It is thought that some plan to provide shipping will be evolved. The South American trade field probably will be thoroughly invaded during the present outbreak in Europe.

Carranza's organ in Mexico City called upon the people to make a demonstration for peace to-day. The Subsecretary of the Interior has warned the citizens against any such display, and has threatened to put down the movement with troops if necessary.

The national banks of the country are now in a position to meet all requirements, according to the statement made yesterday by the Comptroller of the Currency. He threatened to investigate the action of any bank refusing reasonable demands for currency.

Local bankers received word that New York banks, carrying reserves amounting to many millions, have removed restrictions as to shipments to the interior, and that needs of interior banks would be met.

The winter wheat crop shows an increase of over 20,000,000 bushels in the report just issued by the Agricultural Department yesterday. In the same time corn has fallen off, and potatoes show an increase.

That the Judges in Butte are under the control of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company was the charge made by the attorney before the Federal Industrial Relations Committee yesterday.

SUNDAY.

It was reported last night in Berlin that Liege has fallen. An official report from Paris of the fighting around Liege on August 3, and 5 says that the German loss was 5,000 killed and twenty-four guns captured. The invading army, the report stated, consisted of 120,000 men, opposed by 40,000 Belgians. The first French victory of the war was the capture of the village of Altrich, in Alsace, near the Swiss frontier. This was followed by the entry of the French troops into Muelhausen, a strongly-fortified city, the second in importance in Alsace-Lorraine. Private cable advises state that a flotilla of German torpedo boats has attacked British warship in Flumber,

the waterway to Hull, sinking four of them.

That foreign commerce cannot be cut off long was the opinion expressed yesterday by Secretary Redfield in an optimistic statement in which he told the business men of this country not to worry.

Some modification in the strict neutrality laws already issued were made yesterday and it is probable that ships bearing reservists as individuals will be allowed to sail. A protest against censorship of the German wireless less when the cables of French and England were not bothered, was registered.

The nation, in the person of official Washington, will attend the funeral of Mrs. Wilson Monday afternoon, to be held in the East Room of the White House. The House and Senate, as well as all departments, will be closed all day. The burial will be at Rome, Ga.

It is expected that the Federal Reserve Board will be sworn in at Washington to-morrow and that steps will be taken at once to put the new currency system into immediate effect.

The Carranza uprising planned for yesterday in Mexico City did not materialize although the police were ready to quell it. It is believed martial law will be declared there shortly.

J. Mort Rothwell, a lawyer, formerly of Lancaster, was shot and killed at Crab Orchard by Bud Shelton while engaged in a quarrel with the latter's father over a fee.

Postal Savings Bank deposits have increased greatly since war in Europe was declared, and a great many foreigners have placed their funds with the Government.

Commissions from renewal premiums on insurance must be included in the income tax report, according to the decision of Secretary McAdoo yesterday.

According to an announcement of President Bush, the Missouri Pacific having failed to get funds in Europe will begin a policy of retrenchment.

A baby was killed and two persons were injured when a flagpole fell on spectators assembled to witness a balloon ascension in Massachusetts.

Gen. Villa has been ordered by Gen. Carranza to move his forces south from Chihuahua to Mexico City.

MONDAY.

Confirmation of the reports that Liege had been taken by the Germans apparently was given by dispatches from Berlin yesterday, although advices coming from Belgian, French and British sources maintained that the forts there still were in the hands of King Albert's men. It was asserted in these dispatches that although the city was invested "there has been no serious occupation of the town by the Germans."

An official dispatch issued by the Belgian general staff said the advanced German troops were being pushed back and that the German offensive movement had ceased.

A junction of Belgian, British, and French troops in Belgium is reported to have been effected, and a clash between German and French cavalry south of Namur is said to have occurred.

Athena dispatches say large Turkish forces are being concentrated on Bulgarian territory by agreement with Bulgaria.

Emperor William is said to have left for the Alsatian frontier to join the German general staff.

The British Admiralty announces that German submarines attacked a British cruiser squadron, but that the British ships escaped damage, while one German submarine was sunk.

France has requested the Austrian Ambassador to explain Austria's intentions in an alleged movement of Austrians across Germany to the French frontier.

Cholera is said to have broken out among the Austrian and Servian troops.

Paris dispatches say the Germans in Belgium are short of provisions.

A telegram from Pekin says their "conversations" between the Tokio and London governments, concerning whether Japan will participate in an attack on the German colony of Tsing Tau, are in progress.

The French and Belgian governments have directed that the resources of the two countries shall be the common property of France and Belgium.

Securely locked in four steel express cars and accompanied by an armed guard, the

LUKE McLUKE SAYS

Before marriage he won't let her carry a six-o'clock parasol for fear she might grow fatigued. After marriage she can carry the baby, a suit case, an umbrella and three bundles.

A dog can't help it. He has to be a lap dog, but the man who wears side whiskers hasn't even that excuse.

The difference between children and adults is that when children don't like you they are honest enough not to slob over you.

Some men are so fond of sympathy that they will fight for the privilege of being the Under Dog.

A skirt that you can rend through cost more than a heavy, opaque one.

The girls can't use Economy as an excuse for wearing transparent limb drapery.

If father spends three hours at home on Sunday and doesn't kill or maim a few of the children, he spends the rest of the week bragging about his patience.

As between a Mother's care of a newborn babe and a Youth's care of a newborn mustache, it is hard to say which receives the most attention.

What has become of the old-fashioned woman who has one black dress known as her good dress, that she wore to funerals, weddings, shows and church?

The world is growing better. But we still have an oversupply of poor singers and men under supply of good dishwashers.

## "Gets-It" for Corns Sure as Sunrise

New Plan. Corns Shrivel, Vanish.  
Until "GETS-IT" was born nobody  
was ever sure of getting rid of a  
corn. Corn treatments nearly all con-  
tained the same ingredients, only  
some were liquid, some plasters, some



"Wrappers" and some in salve form.  
Now comes "GETS-IT" with a newly  
discovered formula—the corn cure on  
a new principle and a simple plan  
that never fails. This is why "GETS-  
IT" has grown in three years to be  
the biggest-selling corn cure the  
world has ever known.

There is no longer need of fusing  
with corns no more digging or cut-  
ting down on the corn, nothing to inflate the  
flesh, to "pull" the corn or cause  
pain. Put two drops of "GETS-IT"  
on in two seconds. That's all.  
For any corn, callus, wart or bun-  
lion—"GETS-IT" is sold by druggists  
everywhere. 2¢ a bottle, or send di-  
rect by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

### DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE SAYS BORAX DESTROYS FLIES.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 5.—An  
a result of experiment, the specialists of the Department of Agriculture have discovered that a small amount of ordinary borax sprinkled daily on manure, will effectively prevent the breeding of the typhoid or house fly. Similarly, the same substance applied to garbage, refuse, open toilets, dump floors and crevices in stables, cellars or markets, will prevent fly eggs from hatching. Borax will not kill the adult fly nor prevent it from laying eggs, but its thorough use will prevent any further breeding.

The investigation, which included experiments with many substances, was undertaken to discover some means of preventing the breed of flies in horse manure without lessening the value of this manure as a fertilizer for use by the farmer. It was felt that if some means of preventing the breeding of flies near human habitation could be devised the disease spread by these filthy germ carriers could be greatly reduced. While the "Swat the Fly campaign," traps and other devices for reducing the number of typhoid-carrying flies are of value, they are of less importance than the prevention of the breeding. It was realized, however, that no measure for preventing the breeding of flies would come into common use unless it was such that the farmer could use it on his manure pile without destroying its usefulness for growing plants and without introducing into the soil any substance that would interfere with his crops.

As a result of experiments carried on at the Arlington Farm, in Virginia, and New Orleans, La., the investigators found that 0.62 of a pound of borax, or 0.75 of a pound of calcined colemanite (crude calcium borate) would kill the maggots and prevent practically all of the flies ordinarily breeding in 8 bushels of horse manure from development. This was proved by placing manure in cages and comparing the results from piles treated with borax and from untreated piles. The borax, it was found, killed the fly eggs and maggots in the manure and prevented their growth in to flies.

In the case of garbage cans or refuse piles, 2 ounces of borax or calcined, costing from 5 cents a pound upward, according to the quality which is purchased, will effectively prevent flies from breeding.

While it can be safely stated that no injurious action has followed the application of manure treated with borax at the rate of .62 pounds for 8 bushels or even larger amounts in the case of some plants nevertheless borax-treated manure has not been studied in connection with the growth of all crops, nor has its cumulative effect been determined. It is therefore recommended that not more than 15 tons of the borax-treated manure should be applied per acre to the field. As truck growers use considerably more than this amount, it is suggested that all cars containing borax-treated manure should be applied per acre to the field. As truck growers use considerably more than this amount, it is suggested that all cars containing borax-treated manure be so marked, and that public health officials stipulate in their directions for this treatment that not over .62 (62¢,000) of a pound for 8 bushels of manure be used, as it has been shown that larger amounts of borax will injure most plants. It is also recommended that all public health officials and others in recommending borax treatment for killing fly eggs and maggots in manure warn the public against the injurious effects of large amounts of borax on the growth of plants. Purchasers of manure produced in cities during the fly-breeding season should insist that the dealers from whom they purchase give them a certified statement as to whether or not the manure in the particular car or lot involved in the purchase has been treated with borax.

In feeding to hogs garbage that contains borax care is also recommended, especially when the animals are being fattened for market. Borax is not a very poisonous substance and the feeding of garbage that contains it to hogs, is not likely to be a serious matter. On the other hand borax in large quantities does produce gastric disturbances and for this reason a certain amount of care is advisable.

The method of using this substance in the case of stables is to sprinkle the borax or colemanite in the quantities given above, by means of a flour sifter or other fine sieve, around the outer edges of the pile of horse manure should then be sprinkled immediately with two or three gallons of water to eight bushels of manure. The average family does not have the delicate apparatus needed for these tests, nor the skill to detect these micro-organisms.

The housewife will find eyes and nose the safest practical detectors of bad food in hot weather. If any article has any suspicion of an unusual odor or looks abnormal, it should be avoided. People eating in doubtful restaurants should be particularly careful about meats or fish cooked with a highly spiced or aromatic sauce which might disguise a bad taste or warning odor. Only sweet smelling, clean food should be eaten. Spotted, green, slimy, or frothy spots also should be regarded with suspicion. Taste of course is a supplementary test, but one to be used after eyes, nose, and fingers. A mother before she allows her child to eat anything should examine it carefully in a good light, smell it, and finally taste it.

Milk particularly deteriorates rapidly under summer heat, especially if it already contains bacteria. Housewives, therefore, should see to it that their milk after being left by the milkman does not stand for any length of time on a hot back porch or stoop before it is put in the ice-box. Milk bottles should be kept closed, both in the ice-box and out of it. If there is any doubt at all as to the excellence of the local milk supply, pasteurize all milk.

All foods should be kept covered or wrapped, and away out of the reach of flies, which are deadly carriers of typhoid. All vessels, pitchers, etc., in which food is to be stored should first be sealed. Food should be handled as little as possible. The ice-box, especially its drain pipe, should be cleaned thoroughly and frequently with boiling water and washing soda, and given an occasional airing. A persistent battle should be waged against flies in all parts of the home.

Uncooked foods as general proposition should be avoided. Children should not be allowed to eat the skins or fruits, especially fruits which have been exposed to flies or street dirt or uncleaned stands or push-carts.

Those who go away for vacation should not get the idea that everything in a summer resort or strange city is necessarily pure and wholesome. The dangers of typhoid fever in country resorts is very great. Many of the cases of typhoid fever recorded in the fall in cities where the water is pure had their origin in water or contaminated substances drunk or eaten at some summer resort. Boiled on boiled water, if you absolutely cannot get boiled water, make very sure about the reputation of springs, wells, or tap water. Refuse absolutely to take any water that comes from a source near an outhouse or stable, or in a neighborhood where fever is not at all prevalent.

Billed water can be made just as palatable as unbilled water. The flat taste which boiled water has soon after it has been boiled is due to the fact that boiling drives out of it the air that it held in solution. If the water after boiling is put in scalded shallow open pans and allowed to stand for 24 hours where flies or dirt cannot get at it, it will regain its air and have its usual taste restored by the second day.

Finally it is particularly important in summer that people should not be misled into believing that the label "Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act" on cans and packages means that the government has tested these foods and pronounced them pure and desirable. The government does not make the guarantee. The guarantee is made wholly by the manufacturer, and means no more than when your own grocer guarantees that the sugar he weighs out for you is all right.

Summer Constipation Dangerous.

Constipation in summer time is more dangerous than in the fall, winter or spring. The food you eat is often contaminated and is more likely to ferment in your stomach. Then you are apt to drink much cold water during the hot weather, thus injuring your stomach. Colic, Fever, Ptomaine Poisoning and other ills are natural results. Po-Do-Lax will keep you well. It increases the bile, the natural泻药, which rids the bowels of the congested poisonous waste. Pleasant and effective. Take a dose to-night. See your Druggist.

Crimson Clover on Every Farm Would Mean Big Crops.

It is a recognized fact that our southern soils are deficient in humus and nitrogen.

Nitrogen is too high priced to buy in the form of commercial fertilizer.

I paid last week, including freight and hauling, \$7 for a 200-pound keg of nitrate of soda. This is 23 1/3 cents per pounds for the available nitrogen.

It cost 30 cents per pound, including

freight, to buy nitrogen from our tall fertilizer dealer. If bought in ready-mixed fertilizers, it is impossible to supply all of our lands with nitrogen and humus by the use of stable manure.

Then how can we supply it?

It can be done by growing legumes and turning them under. Many farmers depend on cowpeas sowed at laying by of corn; others depend on crimson clover, and some on both cowpeas and crimson clover.

The Southern Farmer is familiar with the growing of cowpeas, but we find only a small per cent. growing crimson clover. I believe, these two make up the best team of legumes which can be found for soil improvement.

If I had to choose between them I would stick to crimson clover.

When I bought my farm five years ago it was in a fair state of cultivation.

It would produce an average of 30 bushels of corn per acre. I use about 600 bushels of corn each year.

It took 20 acres to grow the corn. I have, by growing crimson clover, deep plowing and good cultivation, produced 600 bushels on 12 acres.

I have a field of corn on which a heavy crop of crimson clover was sown under May 25, using 150 to 175 pounds, 16 per cent. acid phosphate, and in the midst of a 6-weeks' drought. It had one rain in June, another July 2 and another July 14. This is July 16. This is less than half the amount of rain we want here for a good corn crop. This corn has not suffered for rain. It is the best field of corn in this community. The prospects now are for a heavy yield.

We are told that a heavy crop of crimson clover containing 100 pounds or more of nitrogen, 65 to 80 pounds of which come from the air it is worth to me 65¢ to 1 1/3 cents, or \$15.17 per acre for the nitrogen alone, to say nothing of the humus.

If the crimson clover seed are sowed at last cultivation of corn the total cost of seeding an acre will be from \$1 to \$1.50 per acre. I have seeded it successfully for four years at last cultivation of corn. This was during the latter half of July. This is too early to seed it further south.

I have plowed wheat stubble under and sowed crimson clover in August and turned it under the following spring for corn. The expense of plowing, harrowing, etc., is small compared with the value of the nitrogen and humus added to the soil.

I believe if every southern farmer would grow crimson clover our fertilizer bills could be reduced 50 per cent, and our crop production doubled.

T. J. DAVIS.

Eldson, Tenn.

Wood's Seeds.

Wood's Descriptive Fall Catalog

contains full information in regard to Winter or Hairy Vetch, Crimson Clover, Alfalfa, and all

Farm and Garden Seeds

for Fall planting. Write for Catalog and prices of any seeds desired.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,  
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

### KEEPING FOOD IN SUMMER.

While people should be careful about the condition of the food they eat at all seasons of the year, they should be particularly watchful during the summer months. In hot weather, bacteria multiply far more rapidly than in cold weather and produce chemical changes in some foods which greatly lessen their nutritive value and often make them unfit for human consumption. Unfortunately, there is no quick, absolute, simple, practical way of determining the presence of harmful bacteria in foods or of obtaining positive evidence of the existence of ptomaines. The average family does not have the delicate apparatus needed for these tests, nor the skill to detect these micro-organisms.

The housewife will find eyes and nose the safest practical detectors of bad food in hot weather. If any article has any suspicion of an unusual odor or looks abnormal, it should be avoided. People eating in doubtful restaurants should be particularly careful about meats or fish cooked with a highly spiced or aromatic sauce which might disguise a bad taste or warning odor. Only sweet smelling, clean food should be eaten.

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Summer Coughs Are Dangerous.

Summer colds are dangerous. They indicate low vitality and often lead to serious Throat and Lung Troubles, including Consumption. Dr. King's New Discovery will relieve complications. It is soothing and antiseptic and makes you feel better at once. To delay is dangerous—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50¢ and \$1.00 bottles.

C. A. MOOERS.

Tennessee Experiment Station.

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R. W. YOUNG.

Young's Saturday.

Mrs. VENIA WRIGHT.

Wright called on Mollie Griffith, at Webbville, Saturday.

HORACE HENSLEY.

Hensley was a business caller at J. W. Young's Saturday.

Mrs. VENIA WRIGHT.

Wright recently.

R. N. BOOGES.

Booges was business visitor at Webbville Saturday.

Mrs. SUSAN THOMPSON.

Thompson was calling on Mrs. Leona Mulky recently.

Mrs. LOTTIE STONE.

Stone was calling on the Misses Wright Sunday.

SHERMAN BOOGES.

Booges was on our creek Friday night.

Mrs. MARTHA SKAGGS.

Skaggs and two sisters attended the debate Friday.

RUSSELL BOOGES.

Booges passed down our creek recently.

MR. AND MRS. W. M. YATES.

Yates was shopping at Webbville recently.

ARNOLD WRIGHT.

Arnold Wright attended church at Oak Hill Sunday.

JAY HENSLEY AND ELMER JOHNSON.

Hensley and Johnson passed down the creek Sunday en route to Orr.

A. J. HAROLD.

Harold has returned home from West Virginia, where he has been at work.

W. M. YATES.

Yates has purchased an organ.

MORTON CONWAY.

Morton Conway was calling on Miss Eva Wright Sunday.

JAY HENSLEY.

Jay Hensley, James McDowell and Morton Conway went fox hunting Saturday night.

HARMON KIDD.

Kidd was a business caller at M. V. Hensley Saturday.

Boile

Entered at the postoffice at Louisville, Ky., as second-class matter.

**Member**  
Kentucky Press Association  
and Ninth  
District Publishers League

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M. F. CONLEY,  
Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS-\$1.00 per year, in advance.

Friday, August 14, 1914.

**ANNOUNCEMENTS.**

We are authorized to announce JOHN M. WAUGH as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney of the 32nd Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party in the primary of August, 1914.

We are authorized to announce H. C. SULLIVAN, of Lawrence county, as a candidate for the nomination for Commonwealth's Attorney for the 32nd Judicial district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

**G. W. CASTLE FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY.**

G. W. Castle, of Lawrence county, announces his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for Commonwealth's Attorney for the 32nd Judicial District, primary election in August 1914, earnestly requesting the support of all Democrats of the district.

We are authorized to announce W. D. O'NEAL, JR., as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Judge of the 32nd Judicial district, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

**A DOLLAR THAT CAN'T BE SPENT.**

(By Herbert Kaufman)

Every dollar spent in advertising is not only a seed dollar which produces a profit for the merchant, but is actually retained by him even after he has paid it to the publisher.

Advertising creates a good will equal to the cost of the publicity.

Advertising really costs nothing. While it uses funds it does not use them up. It helps the founder of a business to grow rich and then keeps his business alive after his death.

It eliminates the personal equation.

It perpetuates confidence in the store and makes it possible for a merchant to withdraw from business without having the profits of the business withdrawn from him. It changes a name to an institution—an institution which will survive its builder.

It is really an insurance policy which costs nothing—pays a premium each year instead of calling for one and renders it possible to change the entire personnel of a business without disturbing its prosperity.

Advertising renders the business stronger than the man—Independent of his presence. It permeates systems of merchandising, the track of which is left for others to follow.

A business which is not advertised must rely upon the personality of its proprietor, and personality in business is a decreasing factor. The public does not want to know the man who owns the store—it isn't interested in him but in his goods. When an unadvertised business is sold it is only worth as much as its stock of goods and its fixtures. There is no good will to be paid for—it does not exist—it has not been created. The name over the door means nothing except to the limited stream of people from the immediate neighborhood, any of whom could tell you more about some store ten miles away which has regularly delivered its shop news to their homes. It is as shortsighted for a man to build a business which dies with his death, or ceases with his inaction, as it is unfair for him not to provide for the continuance of its income to his family.

(Copyright.)

Humanity may be staggered by the horrors of Europe's war, but civilization will not be destroyed. Millions of men and billions of treasure may be lost in this devilish work; thrones may totter, and new maps of Europe may be necessary before the end is reached; but mankind will, on the wreck of these ruins, build a better civilization—one in which the people, and not a few unscrupulous men who feel that they have been Divinely appointed, will rule.

As the people of this country view the horrors of the European situation they may well take courage and thank God that they live in a land free from such conditions as those prevailing in Europe. While moved by profound sorrow for the awful tragedy that is being enacted, and sympathizing with the suffering on the battlefield and the greater suffering of broken hearts in homes made desolate by war's destruction, we yet have a right to lift up our hearts in thanksgiving for the blessings of this country in material things and in the freedom from the conditions prevailing in Europe.

In the light of the contrast between the blessings which the people of the United States are now enjoying, with the magnificent crops of the year and all other privileges vouchsafed to us, how small and petty seem our thoughts when we mourn because business is not quite as good as it might be and because our chances of making money are for the moment not quite so abundant as in times past.

Let the people of this country put behind them such pessimism and such narrowness, and in a spirit of enthusiastic optimism carry forward the work of the day, without hesitating or halting, and then there will be business enough for all and room enough for all when the temporary disadvantages of the present situation have passed away.

From Manufacturers Record, Baltimore, Md., August 6, 1914.

The newspaper that relies upon facts spelling to help it "through" the world depends on alim support.

President Carbajal's resignation has been written. A special train has been ordered and he will leave with Jose M. Lujan, acting Secretary of State, their families and several others for Vera Cruz to seek shelter within the American lines.

Gov. Edward J. McDermott, of Louisville, is on the job at Frankfort to handle the helm of the State for the next three weeks while Gov. McCreary is at Atlantic City spending his annual vacation. Gov. McDermott "sits on the lid" like a veteran, and he is profiting by his experience with the hope that it will be available during a four-year tenure as Chief Executive. While he has not formally announced his intention it is known that Gov. McDermott is seriously considering becoming a candidate for Governor next year, and he has been assured of strong support all over the State in the event that he enters the contest. His remarkable race for Lieutenant Governor in 1911 and the strength he brought to the State ticket has been a decided factor in boosting him for the party gubernatorial nomination, his friends say.—Louisville Times.

There was so little interest taken in the recent Republican Senatorial primary that nobody paid much attention to it. The returns indicate that former Governor Augustus E. Willson won the nomination and most of the Democratic papers are expressing satisfaction at the result. It was pretty generally recognized that if Richard P. Ernst had secured the nomination he would have put up a stiff fight as Ernst is a good organizer and is well supplied with the "sinews of war." But nobody believed that Wilson can poll any strength like the party strength, weakened as it is by the Progressive defection—and it's a clinch that he can't get any Democratic or independent votes under false pretenses as he did when he made his winning race for Governor.—State Journal.

**NEEDS OF THE KENTUCKY LIVE STOCK EXCHANGE.**

The Live Stock Exchange recently organized by the Extension Department of the Kentucky Agricultural Experiment Station has made a very auspicious beginning at listing stock for sale and also at getting in touch with prospective buyers of live stock; however, like every other business worth while, it meets with its difficulties. For example, it has some requisites that it has not as yet been able to fill and on the other hand it has some excellent stock listed for which buyers have not been secured as yet. It is surprising, however, in spite of the dry weather and other unfavorable conditions to notice the heavy demand for both grade and pure bred stock.

For years the State Board assisted the work at Ashland. At one time \$1,000.00 a year was given to this work.

How well that money was spent may be judged by the progress made. With fewer than three hundred members the present building was planned and built and dedicated in December, 1913. The entire plant cost \$55,000.00. On the day of dedication it was necessary to raise \$26,000.00. Over \$31,000.00 was subscribed.

The church building was designed by the same architect who designed the State and Winchester churches. It is beautiful in its simplicity and is thoroughly equipped. The main auditorium has a seating capacity of seven hundred and is equipped with a Moller organ of 24 stops. Including the cathedral chimes. The choir is seated.

The Bible School occupies the entire basement and the rear of the building on the floors above. The classes are separated by glass partition doors. In connection with the basement is a completely furnished kitchen and china closet. During the convention, dinner and supper will be served in the basement at a nominal cost. It will not be necessary for the delegates to leave the building during the day.

The church has its own printing outfit and publishes on its own press a little weekly church paper. The Bible School is well equipped, including a complete moving picture outfit.

The other churches of Ashland have had their conventions but we have never been so honored. The people of Ashland and Eastern Kentucky do not know what a large body of people we are. We need the uplift and benefit your presence will give us and you may need to know more about the work in this section of the State.

The program this year will be one of the best ever presented to one of our conventions. Many of our best speakers will be heard during the convention.

Among the speakers are: R. M. Hopkins, R. N. Simpson, M. G. Rueker, F. M. Thider, E. L. Powell, W. N. Birney, J. W. Hinck, J. D. Armstrong, W. A. Fite, Prof. E. E. Snoddy, Mrs. Ida Wethers Harrison, Mrs. John Gay, Mrs. Josephine Stevens, Mrs. Mary S. Wilden, Prof. J. W. Hatcher, Clyde Darst, Mrs. Louise L. Campbell, H. W. Carpenter and others. W. E. M. Blackman will have charge of the music.

The people of Ashland extend to you a most hearty welcome. The homes of the city will be opened on the same basis as other conventions. One dollar for lodgings and breakfast will be the rate.

Please write Mr. W. A. Manning, 701 E. Winchester Ave., Ashland, Ky., before August 25th that he may assign you to a home and advise you before leaving your home. Come even though you have not advised Mr. Manning and we will do our best to take care of you.

Upon reaching Ashland go to the Methodist Episcopal Church South, near the C. & O. depot for registration and assignment provided you have not been previously assigned.

T. R. BRYANT,  
Head of Dept. of Agric. Extension,  
Ky. Agric. Exp. Station.

**CHRISTIAN CHURCH.**

Reasons You Should Attend the State Convention at Ashland, Ky. Aug. 31 to Sept. 3rd, 1914.

1. Ashland is one of the most beautiful cities of Kentucky.

2. Ashland is one of the best industrial cities in the State.

3. Ashland is the gate-way to the Billion Dollar Eastern Empire.

4. This is the first time in the history of the Christian Church that a State Convention has met in Eastern Kentucky.

5. The Ashland Church is a child of the State work and has gone to housekeeping; she wants the old folk to come to see her.

6. The Ashland Christian Church is one of the most beautiful and one of the best equipped buildings in the State.

7. Our cause is not strong in Eastern Kentucky. We would have you know more about this growing section

of the State and we need the inspiration of your presence.

Ashland is located on the Ohio river in Boyd county below the mouth of the Big Sandy river. Ashland has a population of ten thousand and is one of the best paved cities in the world. Practically all of the streets are paved with brick or bitumastic. The avenues are one hundred feet from property line to property line. She is a splendidly laid out city and the streets are lined with beautiful trees. In the very heart of the city is a park of fifty acres with virgin forest, being one of the finest natural parks in the Middle West. Beautiful Clydeside Park is just outside the city limits. Well may Ashland be called the "Park City." Some of the handsomest homes in the State are to be found along her avenues.

Space forbids our describing Industrial Ashland. Situated between the ore fields to the north and the coking coal mines to the south, Ashland has a decided geographical advantage. The raw material is here made into the finished product. Ashland has the largest and most modern iron furnaces and steel mill in the State, one of the largest and best equipped steel plants in the South, and one of the largest and most complete tanneries and leather plants in the world. Also a sheet mill and roofing plant, a cut and wire nail mill, a fire-brick plant and a million dollar by-product coke plant. Ashland is growing rapidly. A "for rent" sign is seldom seen.

Eastern Kentucky is an Empire within itself. In the Big Sandy valley cities are springing up as if by magic. Much wealth is being poured into this section of the State that the coal fields may be developed. When the connecting line through the breaks of the Cumberland mountains is completed, the shortest route between Chicago and the Southeastern Coast and Florida will pass through Ashland and up the Big Sandy valley. Ashland is the logical capital of this Great Eastern Empire for the stands at the very gateway.

The Christian Church has spent much money in Eastern Kentucky. More money is now being spent in the Sixteenth District than in any other District in the State. Yet the church has never held a State convention farther east than Mt. Sterling.

For years the State Board assisted the work at Ashland. At one time \$1,000.00 a year was given to this work. How well that money was spent may be judged by the progress made. With fewer than three hundred members the present building was planned and built and dedicated in December, 1913. The entire plant cost \$55,000.00. On the day of dedication it was necessary to raise \$26,000.00. Over \$31,000.00 was subscribed.

The church building was designed by the same architect who designed the State and Winchester churches. It is beautiful in its simplicity and is thoroughly equipped. The main auditorium has a seating capacity of seven hundred and is equipped with a Moller organ of 24 stops. Including the cathedral chimes. The choir is seated.

The Bible School occupies the entire basement and the rear of the building on the floors above. The classes are separated by glass partition doors. In connection with the basement is a completely furnished kitchen and china closet.

During the convention, dinner and supper will be served in the basement at a nominal cost. It will not be necessary for the delegates to leave the building during the day.

The church has its own printing outfit and publishes on its own press a little weekly church paper. The Bible School is well equipped, including a complete moving picture outfit.

The other churches of Ashland have had their conventions but we have never been so honored. The people of Ashland and Eastern Kentucky do not know what a large body of people we are. We need the uplift and benefit your presence will give us and you may need to know more about the work in this section of the State.

The program this year will be one of the best ever presented to one of our conventions. Many of our best speakers will be heard during the convention.

Among the speakers are: R. M. Hopkins, R. N. Simpson, M. G. Rueker, F. M. Thider, E. L. Powell, W. N. Birney, J. W. Hinck, J. D. Armstrong, W. A. Fite, Prof. E. E. Snoddy, Mrs. Ida Wethers Harrison, Mrs. John Gay, Mrs. Josephine Stevens, Mrs. Mary S. Wilden, Prof. J. W. Hatcher, Clyde Darst, Mrs. Louise L. Campbell, H. W. Carpenter and others. W. E. M. Blackman will have charge of the music.

The people of Ashland extend to you a most hearty welcome. The homes of the city will be opened on the same basis as other conventions. One dollar for lodgings and breakfast will be the rate.

Please write Mr. W. A. Manning, 701 E. Winchester Ave., Ashland, Ky., before August 25th that he may assign you to a home and advise you before leaving your home. Come even though you have not advised Mr. Manning and we will do our best to take care of you.

Upon reaching Ashland go to the Methodist Episcopal Church South, near the C. & O. depot for registration and assignment provided you have not been previously assigned.

T. R. BRYANT,  
Head of Dept. of Agric. Extension,  
Ky. Agric. Exp. Station.

**CHRISTIAN CHURCH.**

Reasons You Should Attend the State Convention at Ashland, Ky. Aug. 31 to Sept. 3rd, 1914.

1. Ashland is one of the most beautiful cities of Kentucky.

2. Ashland is one of the best industrial cities in the State.

3. Ashland is the gate-way to the Billion Dollar Eastern Empire.

4. This is the first time in the history of the Christian Church that a State Convention has met in Eastern Kentucky.

5. The Ashland Church is a child of the State work and has gone to housekeeping; she wants the old folk to come to see her.

6. The Ashland Christian Church is one of the most beautiful and one of the best equipped buildings in the State.

7. Our cause is not strong in Eastern Kentucky. We would have you know more about this growing section

**NOTABLE SAVINGS IN DRESSES**For Women  
and Misses

Beginning Thursday Morning at 8:15

THIS SALE COVERS ALL REQUIREMENTS FROM THE SIMPLE LITTLE MORNING FROCK TO THE MORE ELABORATE LINGERIE DRESSES FOR STREET WEAR AND DRESSY OCCASIONS

IT IS TO BE A QUICK GOOD-BYE TO ALL SUMMER DRESSES AND INDEED IT IS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY, THE BROAD VARIETY OF STYLES AND MATERIALS WITH ALL SIZES REPRESENTED SHOULD MAKE THIS A VERY ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION TO YOU.

**The White Lingerie and Colored Wash Dresses****Boys' Wash Suits Attractively Priced**

Wash suits that will stand the hard service, ready styles, just what the little fellow wants and in all sizes from 2 to 6 years, either white or the season's best colors.

73c

\$1.00 values .....  
\$1.50 values .....

97c

**Electric Brand House Dresses****Majestic Dress Form Specially Priced**

We have a few numbers in our Hall, Torcher full dress forms that we want to close out and with the fall sewing season so close at hand these prices should certainly appeal to you.

One lot all sizes from 34 to 40, worth regularly \$4.00, only .....  
One lot, sizes 34 to 36 only, worth regularly \$5.50, at .....  
\$2.95  
\$3.95

**The Anderson-Newcomb Co.**

On Third Avenue

Huntington

**DANIEL'S CREEK.**

School is progressing nicely with Miss Fay Adams teacher.

A large crowd from this place attended Sunday School at Oak Hill Sunday.

Mrs. Nella Crabtree is visiting on Catt.

Misses Battle and Madge Curnutt, Tessie Chaffin and Maud Jobe were calling on Miss Jessie Hayes Sunday.

Charlie Derefield was calling on Miss Ida Holley Sunday.

Dennie Wright was calling on Miss Emma Christian Sunday.

Marion Thackeray is visiting his uncle, Thomas Christian, of Morgan's Creek.

## BIG SANDY NEWS.

Friday, August 14, 1914.



Not a Bit Slesux.

A thin-skirted girl in Bordeaux  
Wouldn't wear petticoats, oh, dear,  
neaux;  
She'd go out in the sun,  
And she'd say: "This is fun,  
But I hope that my ankles don't  
sheaux."

Refrigerators at Snyder's. ff-6-12

Fresh line of paint at Snyder's.

Nice lawn seats for sale at Snyder's.

A fine toned electric piano has been  
installed at Eldorado theater.Takes special notice of the "Auction  
Sale" on pages 5 of the NEWS.Rev. L. M. Copley preached to a  
large congregation at Deephole last  
Sunday.United States paint is the best  
medium priced article on the market  
At Snyder's store.FOR SALE—Choice New Rye and  
Winter Oats at my farm. JAY H.  
NORTHRUP. 1t-pdDr. Marting, of Ironon, was in this  
city on Friday last to see Mrs. F. T. D.  
Wallace and little Wayne Carey Bur-  
chett.Castle Wooten, an elderly gentleman  
of Milliett, W. Va., died last Saturday.  
Burial took place Sunday near his  
home.The steamer Mildred Runyon is  
making daily round trips between  
Louisa and Catlettsburg, leaving this  
city at 6 a.m.The friends of Judge O'Brien are  
sorry to know that during the past  
few weeks he has failed much. He was  
78 years old last month.Edgar Austin, who has employment  
with the Q. & C. Railway at Cincinnati,  
visited relatives in Louisa recently and  
participated in some Masonic business.The ground in this locality at least  
is pretty well soaked, greatly to the  
relief of man and beast. Where dust  
abounds mud dots much more  
abundant.Mrs. L. S. Johnson slipped and fell  
as she was leaving the M. E. Church  
Baptist last Sunday night and severely  
sprained her ankle. She had to be  
assisted home.Dr. J. W. Ifife, of Kenova, arrived  
in this city via the C. & O. on Saturday  
last, having with him the body of one  
of his children which he was taking  
to West Virginia for burial.NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC: My wife  
Florence Maynard, has deserted home  
and I will not be responsible for any  
debts contracted by her.  
(2t-pd 8-14) M. F. MAYNARD.The Men's Bible Class of the  
Southern Methodist Sunday School  
will have entire charge of next Sun-  
day night's service, thus having a  
chance to jaw back at the preacher.TYPEWRITERS. TYPEWRITERS.  
TYEWRITERS. Price from \$10.00  
upward. Cheap as dirt. Write for  
price list. E. M. HUFFMAN, Type-  
writers, Huntington, W. Va. 3t-pdA friend Monday brought to the  
NEWS some apples which for size,  
beauty, aroma and taste are hard to  
beat. He didn't know the name of the  
variety, hence we call it "Jim Clayton's  
Best."Excursion to Catlettsburg Sunday.  
The stunner Mildred Runyon will  
run an excursion to Catlettsburg next  
Sunday, leaving Louisa at 6 a.m., re-  
turning leaves Catlettsburg at 3 p.m.  
Fare 50¢ round trip. 1t-pd.The many friends of W. W. Burke  
will be sorry to learn that he is very  
ill with typhoid fever at his home on  
East Winchester avenue. Mr. Burke  
is a fireman on the Big Sandy division  
of the C. & O.—Ashland Independent.The NEWS rises to remark and say  
that the crossing from Ferguson's  
store to the public square needs rais-  
ing—in the middle. It is one of the  
most used crossings in town, and in  
bad weather one of the worst.Mrs. Sarah Blose, of Huntington,  
passed several days recently, visiting  
her sister, Mrs. Nancy Billups, of this  
city. She is 84 years old, but you  
never think it. She is spry and vigor-  
ous, and bids fair, barring accident,  
to see many more years of mortal life.Prof. J. R. Johnson and son, Vinson,  
of Richmond, Ky., were here this week,  
visiting relatives. Vinson was suffer-  
ing from the effects of an injury to his  
left eye received by being hit in the  
eye by a base ball.Pastor Hamilton, of the Louisa Baptist  
Church, attended the meeting of the  
Enterprise Association at Prestonsburg  
last week. The meeting was a  
very large one. The Greenup Association,  
to which the Louisa Church belongs,  
meets next month with the  
Unity Church, near Ashland.A. M. Hughes has sold his stock of  
goods and store fixtures to Dr. James  
Reynolds and has retired from the  
drug business. His plans for the  
future have not yet been perfected. Dr.  
Reynolds has rented the building next  
to the hotel Savoy and will use it in con-  
nection with his Main street establish-  
ment.Mrs. Kate Hinkle Coleman, Secretary  
of the Woman's Department of the  
Kentucky State Missionary Society,  
was the guest of Rev. and Mrs.  
Hamilton Saturday, returning to her  
home in Louisville Sunday. She had  
been attending the Enterprise Baptist  
Association at Prestonsburg.THE CLAY COUNTY  
ILLITERACY COMMISSION.

Clay county has gone on record as  
being the first county to organize a  
County Illiteracy Commission to stamp  
out illiteracy. At the recent session of  
the Clay County Institute, addresses  
were made on the subject by Dr. J. T.  
C. Noe, Dean of Normal Department of  
State University, and by Mrs. Cora  
Wilson Stewart, President of Kentucky  
Illiteracy Commission, and there was a  
hearty response—nearly three teachers  
volunteered for service, \$50.76 was con-  
tributed on the spot for expenses of  
postage, etc., although no contribution  
had been requested. A commission  
was formed to co-operate with Super-  
intendent Luther Hatton in the cam-  
paign.

The officers of the Commission elect-  
ed by the institute were: Dr. J. S.  
Manning, President; T. L. Britton, Vice  
President; Charles Goins, Recording  
Secretary; Mrs. Luther Hatton, Cor-  
responding Secretary; J. W. Newell,  
Treasurer.

There are 2860 illiterates in Clay  
county, and men, women and children  
are enlisting to rid the county of illit-  
eracy.

## LIEGE.

Liege, pronounced li-e-az, short e  
with accent on the last syllable, in the  
vicinity of which the first German-  
Belgium battle is reported to have oc-  
curred, is the capital of the province  
bearing the same name. It is situated  
on the Meuse, fifty-four miles south-  
east of Brussels. It is an attractive  
modernized city with fine quays and  
bridges along the course of the Meuse.  
It has striking public buildings, and a  
celebrated university. Its situation, in  
a district abounding with coal, iron,  
lead, copper and muriate, has made it  
one of the largest manufacturing towns  
in Europe. Cannons, fire-arms of a  
small kind, steam engines, machinery,  
hardware, watches, jewelry, bronze  
ornaments, woolen and cotton goods  
are among the manufactures of Liege.

The province is the easternmost section  
of Belgium, bordering Rhenish  
Prussia, and the Netherlands. It is a  
favored province rich in agriculture  
and stock raising as well as in mineral  
deposits and manufactures.

After Liege, in the event of German  
success, Brussels could be, in the nat-  
ural course of events, the object of  
attack.

## 1000 MOONLIGHT SCHOOLS.

One thousand moonlight schools will  
open their doors to men and women,  
educated, half educated and illiterate  
on September 7th, 1914. It is estimated  
by the Kentucky Illiteracy Commission,  
from the reports received at its office  
from County Superintendents and  
teachers. Montgomery, Lincoln, Hardin,  
Clay, McCreary, Mercer, Grayson,  
Clinton, Pike, Leslie, Campbell, Kenton  
and other counties are preparing to  
make war on illiteracy. September  
7th is to be the evening of the opening  
for Moonlight Schools in the State. It  
being Labor Day, a canvass of the dis-  
tricts will be made by the teachers on  
that day to urge men and women to  
attend.

"1000 Moonlight Schools to open  
September 7th—50,000 adults enrolled,  
10,000 illiterates taught" is the slogan  
of the Kentucky Illiteracy Commission  
for September.

## NOTICE.

**ALL PERSONS OWING ME:** For  
merchandise on credit memoranda of  
any form or amount are hereby re-  
quested to settle same promptly on or  
before Sept. 1, 1914. After that date I  
will sell for Cash Only. All systems  
of memoranda and accounting have  
proven burdensome and profitless. I  
sincerely thank those friends and cus-  
tomers who have always paid me  
promptly and have a special cash  
proposition that is fair and should ap-  
peal to them. W. D. PIERCE.

The City Council of the City of Louisa  
do ordain as follows, viz:

That the following described territory  
is hereby stricken from the pres-  
ent boundary of the corporate limits of  
the City of Louisa as now defined, to-  
wit:

Beginning at the mouth of the Lackey  
Branch, where it empties into the  
Big Sandy river, thence up said branch  
to the East side of the right-of-way of  
the C. & O. railroad, thence with said  
right-of-way to Lock Avenue, thence  
with the North line of Lock avenue to  
the corner of the Wallace graveyard,  
thence with the west line of said Wal-  
lace graveyard to the U. S. Govern-  
ment corner on the banks of the Big  
Sandy river, thence east to the Big  
Sandy river, thence down the Big  
Sandy river to the beginning.

It, L. VINSON, Mayor.

C. H. WELLMAN, Clerk.

## M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

Sunday School at 9:00 a. m. Do not  
forget the absent ones this week.

Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. by  
the Pastor. Subject: "Paul's Prayer  
for the Ephesians."

The evening service will be in charge  
of the Men's Class in the Sunday  
School. A splendid program has been  
prepared.

Junior League at 2:30 p. m. Senior  
League at 6:30 p. m. Miss Nina Mc-  
Henry leader.

Class No. 2 of the Young People's  
Missionary Society will meet with Miss  
Mamie Sullivan next Saturday at 2:00  
p. m.

The Annual Conference will convene  
at St. Albans, W. Va., September 9th.

We are anxious to make a full report  
on all items. B. M. KEITH, Pastor.

## ICE CREAM FESTIVAL.

There will be an ice cream festival  
at Division 5, Sub-district 6 school  
Saturday night, Aug. 15th, for the  
benefit of the school. Everybody cordially  
invited to attend.

OLIVE SHANNON, Teacher.

Henry Hensley, under arrest by Fed-  
eral authorities at Portsmouth, Ohio,  
charged with dynamiting the post  
office at Olive Hill, Ky., on August 3,  
was taken to Cincinnati Wednesday  
by Deputy U. S. Marshal Sanderson  
and Judge Hollister turned him over to  
the Federal officers of Eastern Dis-  
trict of Kentucky.

Fish and Game Warden Capt. F. F.  
Freese returned Monday from an off-  
icial trip to Pike county. He is after  
illegal hunters and fishers with a sharp  
stick. He secured eight convictions in  
Pike county for seining.

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## No Civilized Man Wants to Live Where There Are No Churches—Go to Church!

**G O TO CHURCH!** The church is the best institution the world has ever known from every standpoint—moral, economic and political. It has changed the world from HEATHENISM TO CIVILIZATION, from SLAVERY TO FREEDOM, from MIGHT TO RIGHT, from DARKNESS TO LIGHT, from MISERY TO HAPPINESS. Compare the conditions prevailing in heathen lands with those of Christian countries; the forms of government in the dark ages to those of the Christian lands today.

**CAN ANY ONE BELIEVING IN GOD GIVE ANY REASON FOR NOT GOING TO CHURCH? THE CHURCH STANDS FOR THE PURITY AND SANCTITY OF THE HOME, THE PURITY AND REC-TITUDE OF PERSONAL LIFE, THE HIGHEST MORALS, THE BEST LAWS. IT STANDS FOR JUSTICE, RIGHTEOUSNESS AND GOOD GOVERNMENT. IT IS THE GREAT INSTIGATOR AND PA-TRON OF ALL TRUE BENEVOLENCE. SKEPTICISM NEVER FOUNDED AN ASYLUM. THE CHURCH, NOT INFIDELITY, HAS FOUNDED THE GREAT ELEEMOSYNARY INSTITUTIONS OF THE LAND.**

The value of the church cannot be estimated. No civilized man wants to live where there is no church. He wants it for its influence, if for nothing else. Take the church out of any town or city and the citizen will take himself out. Take the church out and all evil will prevail, and from an economic standpoint property becomes worthless.

**THE MISSION OF THE CHURCH IS TO SAVE THE WORLD. DOES IT MERIT ANYTHING AT THE HANDS OF ITS PRO-FESSED FOLLOWERS? IF SO, LET US STAND BY IT AND AT-TEND ITS SERVICES. IT IS A DUTY AS WELL AS A PLEAS-URE. INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITY WILL NOT DOWN. LET US ASSUME IT CHEERFULLY AND RESPOND VALIANTLY.**

Be sure to GO TO CHURCH next Sunday!  
GO EVERY SUNDAY!



### The Folks at Home

Call up the old folks at home and let them hear your voice. Bring back to them the times that used to be. A letter is good, but a talk is better.

A telephone conversation once a week or oftener is not expensive and will keep alive your interest in the home.

If the folks at home have not a telephone you could not make them a more acceptable gift. Telephone our Business Office for full information.

When you telephone—smile.  
**SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND  
TELEGRAPH COMPANY**

OF KENTUCKY

Tel. 8000

H. K. ROBERTS, District Manager,  
422 10th Street, Huntington, W. Va.

### DIVINE PROVIDENCE.

(By Rev. N. R. Stone, Ph.D.)  
In 1812, when Napoleon proposed to invade and conquer Russia, the Russian Ambassador said to him: "Sir, remember that man proposes, but God disposes." Napoleon, in a haughty and arrogant manner, replied: "I give you to understand that I am he that proposes and he that disposes." This was no less than a challenge to the Almighty. God did not stir from his throne, but sent disease and the cold and the snow, which brought the great Napoleon to a most humiliating defeat. When he retreated from Moscow, he had only 25,000 men. He lost in the campaign 315,000 men and 100,000 horses. The greatest army of the century met its doom. The destruction of Sennacherib's army before Jerusalem was not more signal. And Napoleon was taught the important lesson that God may not be on the side of the heaviest battalion. "Man proposes, but God disposes."

God rules in all the realms of nature and in their minutiae as in their magnitudes. He holds the universe together and sustains all the orbs of heaven. He cares for the sparrow and numbers the hairs of our heads. He sends the sunshine and the rain and gives the seedtime and the harvest. God is as truly the Preserver of all things as he is their Creator, and without his control and intervention the whole system of the universe would fall to pieces and nothing would remain except a chaotic mass of matter.

There is no more evidence of a designing mind in nature than there is in human history. The earth and the heavens, nations, seasons, harvests, rulers, the allotment of human life are all subject to designing Providence. "I know that the way of man is not in himself; it is not in man that walketh to direct his steps." "The Lord killeth and maketh alive; he bringeth down to the grave and bringeth up. The Lord maketh poor and maketh rich; he bringeth low and lifeth up." "For by strength shall no man prevail."

Edward Everett Hale, in his story "Hands Off," shows how our short-sighted policy is not permitted to interfere with God's all-wise providence.

He supposes a man in great sympathy with Joseph while is the hands of the Midianites. The first night out Joseph would make his escape from his captors, while all are asleep he quietly slips out and just reaches the outer limits of the camp when a yellow dog barks, awakes his captors, and Joseph was returned to his captivity.

The looker wanted to interfere and kill the dog before he had awakened the camp. Then Joseph would have reached home in safety, and great sorrow would have been avoided.

But this guardian angel said: "Hounds off." If Joseph had made his escape, what then? His father would have rejoiced and Joseph would have been saved a term of prison life.

What else? There would have been no Joseph in Egypt to lay up corn, and when famine came Palestine and Egypt would have starved, and Jacob's family would have all died.

Civilization would have been destroyed, Egypt blotted out, Greece and Rome would have remained in a barbarous state.

The history of the world would have been changed, and countless evils

would have come because a man in his ignorance killed a dog to save Joseph from present trouble.

At many a pivotal point a very small thing might have changed the whole course of human history. Suppose, when Abraham was offering up Isaac, the angel that stayed his hand had been thirty seconds late; then imagine, if you can, the final results on the history of the world. Or suppose a rat had gnawed a hole in the bottom of Noah's ark, or the crocodile of the Nile had destroyed Moses, or the water of the Red Sea had closed in on the children of Israel as it did on Pharaoh's army.

To leave God out of any of these things suggested might have happened. Who is so blind that he cannot see an all-wise Providence at every turn in human history?

What if the oil had failed in the crane and the meal in the barrel had given out and Elijah had starved?

Then there would have been an eternal drought in Israel. Daniel slept with his lions rather than renounce his faith in God. It was not an accident that the great fish picked up Jonah and delivered him up. The three Hebrew children went through the fire, but God was with them. It is better to go through the fire here with God than to go through it hereafter without him. "The righteous is delivered out of all his trouble, and the wicked in his stead." So it was in the case of Human and Mordred.

John Knox had many enemies who sought his destruction. He was in the habit of sitting in a particular chair with his back to the window. One evening, however, he would not sit in that chair nor allow any one else to do so.

That very evening a bullet was sent through the window with a design to kill him. He was saved by a preventing Providence. There are no accidents, and nothing happens by chance.

There is a designing mind in all human events. Cowper, the great hymn writer, when in advanced age lost his mental balance and planned suicide.

He engaged a coachman to take him to a certain place on the river, intending to drown himself. But the driver lost his way, we say providentially, and was so delayed that the trip was abandoned. The suited spell was broken. Cowper returned to his home and wrote that popular hymn:

"God moves in a mysterious way  
His wonders to perform;  
He plants his footsteps in the sea,  
And rides upon the storm."

Deep in unfathomable mines  
Of never-failing skill,  
He treasures up his bright designs,  
And works his sovereign will."

Providence has to do with rulers and nations. With all the treks of designing men in politics, it may indeed appear that God has no part in elections and election campaigns. Yet I am sure that now, as in the time of Israel, there is an overruling Providence in State and governmental affairs. Israel clamored for a king, and the Lord gave them Saul. He became a very wicked king, and the Lord had David anointed in his stead. Saul used every trick known to politics to keep David from being king, but the men whom God favors for office cannot be beaten. And that fact is as true now as then. "By me kings reign, and princes decree justice. By me princes rule and nobles, even all the judges of the earth." "For

promotion cometh neither from the east, nor from the west, nor from the south, but God is the judge, and he putteth down one and setteth up another." God wrote the destiny of Belshazzar on the wall with his own hand and took the kingdom from him and gave it to the Medes and Persians. Providence, as it has purpose often, is hid from sight. Our strongest trials turn out to be our greatest blessings. A friend said to Dr. Peyton in his illness: "It is too bad that you have to lie here flat on your back." Peyton smiled and said: "We can best look up when we lie on our backs." All sunshine makes a desert. Cloudless skies mean barrenness. The sunshine is beautiful, but the clouds are a necessity. The days that are dark and dreary are not the days that are lost. They are like tunnels leading from light to light.

If we must pass through the crucible, it is only to separate the dross from the pure metal and make us more valuable. Common steel, such as is used in railroad tracks, is worth \$25 or \$30 per ton; but if made into watch springs it would be worth at least \$2,000,000 per ton. But to reach that high value it must go through the fire. God is all the time trying to temper us and make us more valuable. The night puts the color in the rose. The eternal stars come out as soon as it is dark enough.

You shall not have greater trials than you are able to bear. It is said that the eagle builds her nest on the edge of a high bluff; and when the young eaglets are old enough, she tears up the nest and pushes them off the bluff to teach them to fly. If they fall, she darts under them and catches them on her back and carries them back to the nest. She repeats this exercise day after day until they are able to balance themselves in mid-air, and then they fly. If God destroys your nestling place and pushes you out into great trials, do not despair; he will not let you fall. Underneath you are the everlasting arms. The eagle soars up and up until it reaches the ethereal realms far above the earth. So God is trying to purify your natures and lift us above the sordid things of earth into the realm of greater glory and delight.

"So I go on, not knowing,  
I would not if I might;  
I would rather walk in the dark with  
God  
Than walk alone in the light."

### RESTORING KENTUCKY'S SOIL.

(Lexington Leader.)

Hon. John W. Newman, Commissioner of Agriculture of Kentucky, has a theory—not altogether original with him—which he is preparing to demonstrate by practical processes, and if his conclusions are sound he will erect for himself a most enduring monument in the memories of the farmers of Kentucky.

He believes that through extravagant and unwise husbandry the farm lands of Kentucky have been so impoverished that their productive qualities are now reduced to at least fifty per cent of what they should be, but he is also convinced that the farmers of Kentucky have the means at hand to restore these lands to the highest possible degree of fertility.

In most of the counties in Kentucky, Mr. Newman said to the editor of The Leader, the farm lands have become so acidified that they will no longer produce the leguminous plants, such as clover, cow peas, soy beans and alfalfa in bulk sufficient to properly feed the soil with those elements necessary to sustain fertility, and as a result the production of wheat, corn, tobacco, hemp, etc., is constantly diminishing.

The legumes, especially clover and cow peas, where the soil is favorable to them, through the action of the bacterial life which attaches to their roots, cause the soil to absorb from the atmosphere deposits of nitrogen which under normal conditions has a fertilizing value of at least \$25 per acre.

Where clover, peas and other leguminous plants will not grow, replenishing of the soil by this method is impossible and it becomes more and more unfit for successful cultivation.

This fault, says Commissioner Newman, can easily be overcome and at small cost. The secret lies in the application to the land of pulverized limestone in the proportion of four tons to the acre, which will correct the acidity of the soil and cause it to yield bountifully the leguminous plants, and commissioner Newman has already undertaken to demonstrate his theory by purchasing two crushing machines which he will use in different parts of the State and with which he will pulverize limestone for free distribution to the farmers. One of these machines will shortly be set up in Fayette county.

Commissioner Newman is convinced that if the application of limestone is immediately followed by the sowing of red clover or cow peas, the succeeding crop of wheat, corn and other food crop will be increased in some instances one hundred per cent.

At any rate, he appears to be willing to stake his reputation on the assertion.

Commissioner Newman is very enthusiastic over this matter and declares that the time will come when the limestone hills of Kentucky will be regarded as more valuable to the people of the state as a whole than are the coal mines.

Limestone, he says, can be crushed at a cost of about fifty cents a ton. A machine for doing the work can be bought for \$750. He expects that cooperative farmers' societies will eventually buy these machines for neighborhood use.

"Soil building" is a hobby with Commissioner Newman, and surely every man who is interested in the welfare of the State will wish him success in his efforts to make his dream come true, for without the agriculture wealth of Kentucky her people would be poor indeed.

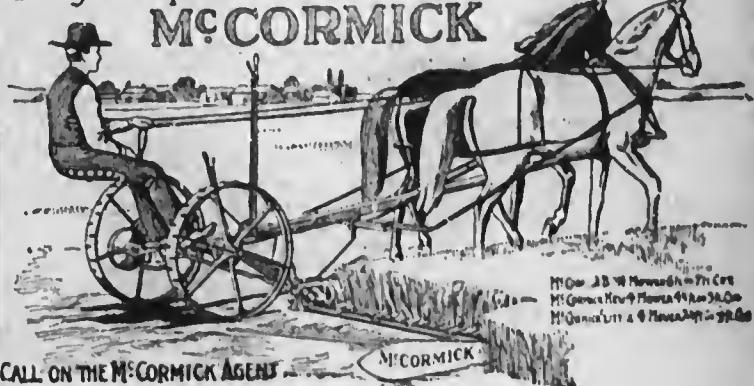
Naturally, it is to be assumed that the application of limestone is only one of a number of things which may have to be done in order to fully restore soil that is worn or to make productive lands that have always been barren, but Mr. Newman evidently is convinced that the Almighty, in placing the vast deposits of limestone at the very back door of the Kentucky farmer, has made it possible for him to make his lands blossom as the rose throughout all time.

Quite a hall storm visited several parts of this country on Friday last.

# The Time is Now at Hand

WHEN FARMERS MUST PLACE ORDERS  
FOR MOVING MACHINES AND REPAIRS

Every Prosperous Farmer has a  
**MCCORMICK**



This is one of our specialties. We handle the Great International Line and we also keep a full stock of parts to repair your old machines. Don't wait till the crops are ripe to get your machinery ready.

**Snyder Hdwe. Co.**  
LOUISA, KENTUCKY.

# SEND US THE ORDER

We can fill your order for any medicine or drug you may want that is legitimate or decent to handle. Mail orders given prompt attention.

**A. M. HUGHES,**  
DRUGGIST,

LOUISA, KENTUCKY.

# Took First Prize!

Bread Baked from Flour Made by the New Big Sandy Milling Company, of Louisa, Won Highest Honors at the Fair. TRY IT. We do business Strictly for Cash and have cut prices accordingly.

BEST FLOUR, MEAL, FEED AND COAL.



**SNYDER HARDWARE COMPANY,**  
Funeral Directors.

Our charges are reasonable and we will supply with the same careful attention anything required from the lowest price to the most costly arrangements.

We will gladly receive orders by telephone, and deliver caskets, coffins and robes to any part of the county.

**ANTY DRUDGE**

reply, "We do light housekeeping because we dislike boarding."

Never scold children, but soberly and quietly reprove. Do not employ shame, except in extreme cases. The suffering is acute; it hurts self-respect in the child to reprove a child before the family; to ridicule it, to tread down its feelings ruthlessly, is to awaken in its bosom malignant feelings. A child is defenseless; he is not allowed to argue. He is often tried, condemned and executed in a second. He finds himself of little use. He is put at things he doesn't care for and withholds from things which he does like. He is made the convenience of grown up people and is hardly supposed to have any rights except a corner as it were; he is sent bitter and thither, made to sit down or stand up at everybody's convenience, but his own; is snubbed and catechised until he learns to dodge government and elude authority, and then whipped for being "such a liar that no one can believe him."

**Mrs. Earner** — "Don't the automobile covers look fine? You remember how solid they were, and you told me to send them to a cleaner? Well, I asked a cleaner how much he would charge and he told me \$7.50. Just then along came Anty Drudge and said she'd show me how to save \$7.45. I was afraid to let her try at first, but she persuaded me, and here they are! It only took a couple of hours and wasn't a bit hard!"

"A penny saved is a penny earned."

**Fels-Naptha Soap** may not save you seven hundred and fifty pennies every day in the year, but it saves you many dollars every year, if you count the hard, tiresome work it relieves you of and the pleasure and profit you can get from the extra time it saves for you.

It works best in cool or lukewarm water.

Follow the directions on the Red and Green Wrapper. Better buy Fels-Naptha by the carton or box.

Fels & Co., Philadelphia.

If you would increase your happiness and prolong your life, forget your neighbor's faults. Forget the slander you have heard. Forget the temptations. Forget the fault-finding and give a little thought to the cause that provoked it. Forget the peculiarities of your friends and only remember the good points that make you fond of them. Forget all personal quarrels or histories that you may have heard by accident, and which, if repeated, would seem a thousand times worse than they are. Blow out as far as possible the disagreeable things of life—they will come; but they will only grow larger when you remember them, and the constant thought of the acts of meanness, worse still, malice, will only tend to make you more familiar with them. Obliterate everything had from yesterday; start out with a clean sheet for today, and write upon it for sweet memory's sake only those things that are lovely and lovable.

Women should grow more devoted and men tender after marriage; if they have the slightest idea of being happy as wives and husbands, it is losing sight of this fundamental truth which leads to hundreds of divorces. Yet many a man will scold his wife who would never think of breathing a harsh word to his sweetheart, and many a wife will look gloom and morose on her husband's return who has only smiles and words of cheer for him when he was her suitor.

We have seen parents careful to train their little ones to say "thank you" and "excuse me" but forgetful to teach them to lend a helping hand, or do a kind act for one in need.

Kindness is better than politeness, and industry better than great learning.

## WEST VIRGINIA

### ITEMS OF NEWS.

The Logan County Teachers' Institute will be held at Logan the week of August 17th.

A program of unusual interest has been arranged.

Dr. Barbe, Supt. Thomas C. Miller and Mrs. Jeanette Duncan are the instructors scheduled for Logan.

This year's institute promises to be one of the best in the history of the County.

#### Coupon Force Reduced

The clerical force of the Chesapeake & Ohio coupon commission has been further reduced as its work is now drawing to a close, and only seven clerks, stenographers and auditors are employed now. It is probable that the force will be still further reduced in a few days. It formerly required twenty-five office rooms for the transaction of the business attending the claims of coupon holders, but they have been rapidly abandoned of late until only seven rooms are used now. B. H. Oxley, a member of the commission stated this week that coupons are still being offered for redemption at the rate of about 175 packages a day.

Barbourville, who until recently could boast of her first records, was again visited by a conflagration Monday night when the store house and its contents, belonging to G. W. Clay, was burned to the ground.

Mr. Clay and family who lived over the store had a very narrow escape with their lives as they had not been rescued longer than five minutes when the building fell with a crash. They were rescued by means of a rope clothes line suspended from the upper front porch, the stairway in the rear being entirely cut off before the fire was discovered. The three small children were rescued by being thrown from the front porch above and caught by those on the ground.

So intense was the smoke that they could not be seen until they had almost reached the ground. Not even their wearing apparel was saved.

"Make inquiries for him," said the Captain; "he may have enlisted under an assumed name."

The annual reunion of the Thorntburg family will be held at Camden Park on Friday, August 28, according to an announcement which was made Saturday.

The Thorntburg family is one of the oldest and largest in this section of the country, and the annual reunion which has been held for many years, always draw a large attendance from the tri-state region.

A definite program has not yet been arranged for the reunion this year, but it is now in process of formation.

Captain John Thorntburg, of Point Pleasant is president of the reunion association, Miss Addie Thorntburg, of Huntington, secretary, and Mrs. Robert Thorntburg, of Huntington, historian.

Aged Minister Takes Young Wife

Huntington, W. Va.—Great surprise was occasioned among the friends of Rev. C. H. Likin, a veteran minister of the Methodist Episcopal church, and Miss Nora Quinn when it became known that they had been married. Mr. Likin is seventy-six years old and his bride is thirty-six years younger.

Mr. Likin retired from active ministry a few years ago after many years of service in the West Virginia conference. He is the father of James S. Likin, president of the state board of control.

## David Smith, Able Seaman

By LOUISE B. CUMMINGS

Captain Williams of the United States navy having had quite a long term of sea service was ordered to the command of one of the finest naval stations on the New England coast.

Miss Nellie Williams was in the heyday of youth, and visions of all sorts of pleasures danced in her head, the principal of which was flirting with the young officers with whom she would be thrown into contact. Her mother rejoiced that she would be able to introduce her daughter into society, which she could not have otherwise done because neither her husband nor herself had any fortune, and she was obliged to live a retired life.

But no sooner had the captain assumed command and his family been installed in the best quarters at the station than Miss Nellie must needs spoil it all by casting to the winds the most sacred traditions of the service.

Off all the officers at the station, including several midshipmen of a saltable age to interest a girl of seventeen, not one succeeded in sufficiently engaging her attention to save her from bestowing not only it, but her whole heart, on an enlisted man.

No one can tell what a girl between fifteen and twenty is going to do, and when she does it no one can stop her. The difference in the navy between an enlisted man and an officer can best be illustrated by comparing a Bramble bush with a pine tree. There are in these times many fine young men among the United States stars, but the grandson of a millionaire can no more overstep this sharply defined line between officer and enlisted man than the cook in the galley.

A girl of seventeen is as easily caught as the stupid fish that swims, and no one can tell who will catch her. Miss Williams one day went aboard a ship docked at the yard. And there she saw the young man who caught her. What it was in him that caught her no one could tell. True, he was a pretty boy, but there were other pretty boys who wore officers' uniforms, while the young man in question wore the sailor's cap, the blue flannel shirt with broad collar and the trousers tight about the hips and loose below the knees of a common sailor.

Now, Captain Williams, who found no difficulty in commanding his station, consisting of many strong men, found himself unable to discipline his daughter. He threatened, if ever she was caught speaking to the youngster again, to send her away. She made promises, but they were not kept. He would have ordered the sailor—David Smith was the same on his ship's roster—away from the station, but Miss Nellie's infatuation had become known and such action would be considered using official power to serve private interests, and the captain was very sensitive on such a point. Moreover, he feared that if he "put on the screws" his daughter might run away with the tar. This would not only tie her up to a common sailor, but a deserter.

How, when and where the tar and the captain's daughter contrived to hold their meetings no one knew. At least no one would tell. They had many adherents among the sailors, but none among the officers or their families. Finally it became apparent to Captain and Mrs. Williams that something must be done, and one morning Miss Nellie was informed that she was to be taken back to the quiet home.

There was nothing to do but submit, and what had promised to be such a fine thing for them ended in disappointment. And all this on account of Miss Nellie's having fallen in love with a common sailor instead of an officer.

One day Captain Williams received from Washington the discharge papers of a sailor named Howard Singleton. The discharge had been granted by the secretary of the navy at the request of the British minister. The case was brought to the commander's attention by the officer having the care of discharges because there was no such person as Howard Slagleton at the station.

"Make inquiries for him," said the Captain; "he may have enlisted under an assumed name."

The officer retired and soon after returned with David Smith, able seaman. The captain, who knew him well, having had an interview with him concerning his daughter, looked at him in astonishment.

"Is your name Slagleton?" asked Captain Williams.

"It is."

"Are you a British subject?"

"I am. My father is Sir Charles Slagleton, a shipbuilder on the Clyde in Scotland. He builds ships for the British navy. I am to enter his service, but thought it better to learn something of warships by serving awhile on one of them. In the British navy I could not have preserved my income, so I chose the United States service."

"Ahom! And you go from here to Scotland to enter your father's works?"

"I do. But after consultation with my father I shall return for a purpose."

"What purpose?"

"To ask the hand of your daughter." "Um," mumbled the captain. "Perhaps you'd better see your father about that."

Singleton went home, returned and took Nellie Williams back to Scotland with him.

## How Mr. Harding Conducted the Defense

By DWIGHT NORWOOD

"Mr. Hardig," said Captain Wright, handing his glass to his first mate, "what do you think of that thing over there?"

"I think," said Hardig, "that it is one of those devilish Chinese pirates that infest these waters."

This dialogue occurred on the American tramp steamer North Star in the Java sea, a region dreaded by mariners for the villainous characters who infest these waters."

"What do you think of our chances in case they attack us?" asked the captain.

"That depends on our ingenuity. We can't sink them before they reach us. We'll have to prevent their boarding us if we can, and if they board us we will have to fight them for our lives."

"How can we prevent their boarding us?"

"By so manning the points they attempt to climb that they can't get on deck. One American sailor armed should be able to keep off three Chinamen from climbing a perpendicular ship's side. But excuse me, captain. I see that the villains are pointing for us; I must go below and order up the arms."

Harding left the captain peering at the junk. It was a small vessel, smaller than the North Star, but its deck was literally swarming with copper colored scads ready for loot and murder. It had no ordnance of any caliber; it had been armed and equipped by men who had no especial means to equip it, and, as Hardig said, relied on taking such ships as it could overpower by boarding.

Soon after the first officer had gone below the men began to bring up guns, pistols and cutlasses and distributed them, with ammunition to fit, along the bulwarks.

"Where's Mr. Hardig?" the captain demanded of one of the men. "What's he doing below when we're in peril for our lives?"

"He's in the engine room," was the reply.

At that moment a diabolical shout went up which diverted the captain's attention from the delinquent Mr. Hardig. It was a bloodthirsty cry of triumph. The pirates, having come near enough to the North Star to make sure that she had no means of striking her adversary, were in a tolerably good state. Their junk was a tolerably good sailer, and the wind was fair to enable them to bear down on their enemy. The North Star, though a steamer, was a tub and could barely do seven miles an hour.

On came the junk, her murderous crew dandling and shouting and chattering and brandishing their weapons. The captain of the North Star was so terrified that he took no action whatever, but the second officer, Mr. Melges, was quietly arranging the men in groups along the bulwarks and giving them their orders. There were a few hand grenades in the stock of explosives, and Melges ordered them on to the forecastle, where it was expected the Chinamen would attempt to climb the bowsprit chains, for the North Star was part steamer and part sailer. The crew was divided into two sections, the one for the, the other aft.

"Why are you leaving the ship clear for the devilish midships, Mr. Melges?" wailed the captain. "Don't you suppose they've got sense enough to come aboard where they have the least height to climb?"

"It's Mr. Hardig's orders, sir."

"Harding's orders? What's he doing giving orders from the engine room?"

Again the captain's attention was distracted by a yell from the pirates, who were right under the North Star's stern. There was a volley from the men posted there, and a grappled hook that was thrown and caught on the gunwale was cast off.

Then the Chinamen were seen taking to their boats with the evident intention of stringing the fight out so far that the little crew of the North Star would not be able to keep them off from all points at once. A boat load of men well armed and with hooks and rope ladders attacked the stern, another to the bow, while a boat was sent on each side.

At this time Hardig, dragging a horse, and the fireman, dragging another, came up the companionway.

"What are you going to do with that?" asked the captain.

Harding had no time to reply in words, but he did reply in action. Two or three of the Chinamen had climbed up the unprotected port side, and one of them had a leg over the gunwale. Hardig let drive at him with a half inch jet of steam from the boiler, and he went back over the side, doubtless glad to get into the cold water below.

At the same time the fireman opened up another party about to jump down on to the deck on the starboard side. Both Hardig and the fireman, having cleared the gunwale, carried the nozzle to the side and, pointing the stream downward, gave a death scald to every one in the boats below. The bow and stern being well protected by legitimate arms of warfare and the sides being impregnated against a jet of hot steam, the pirates withdrew.

Harding, who had saved the ship by his admirable foresight and resource, became the idol of the crew, while all respect for the captain was gone. When the North Star sailed again from an American port Hardig was her master.

## PROGRAMME

For the Sunday School course will be held at the Lost Creek school, August 22nd, beginning at 10 A.M.

Devotional exercises led by Bro. J. Thomas, and prayer by Bro. George Rogers.

Song.

Welcome address by Bro. Bill Ratcliff.

Response by Leonard Bowring.

Song.

Recitation by Carrie Ratcliff.

Quartet by Ruby Cooksey, Hazel Nipp, Dennis Cooksey, Arthur Jordan.

Speech by Isaac Cunningham.

Recitation by Sunday Schools of 1700 and the Present Time.

Recitation, Charley Fanson.

Recitation, Jay Cooksey.

Noon.

Song.

Speech by Bro. M. M. Harmon.

Subject, "Relation of the Sunday School to the Church."

Song.

Motto bears, Freeta Fanson, Ruby Smith, Ethel Arden.

Recitation, Norma Pennington.

Song by the Sunday School boys and girls.

Speech by Sister Choral Kitchen.

Subject, "Boys and Girls of the Teen Age."

Response by Isaac Cunningham.

Recitation by two girls, "Casting Bread Upon the Waters," Bertha Cooksey and Hazel Arden.

Song.

Recitation by Hazel Nipp.

Motto bears, Bert Smith, Elmer Smith, Claude Ratcliff.

Song.

Recitation, Ottie Bowring.

Recitation, Ruby Cooksey.

General discussion on Sunday School work by all present.

Song.

Benediction by Bro. J. H. Thomas.

Dinner on the ground. Everybody cordially invited to come and bring some one with them and lend a helping hand for the advancement of the Lord's cause in Sunday School work.

Committee—

**W.  
CHOICE of ANY  
SUMMER SUIT**

**\$15.**

*sisting of our entire stock  
Summer Suits,  
(VALUES UP TO \$32.00)*

**As there is nothing reserved, so  
there has been nothing added—they  
are exclusively our own goods, with  
nothing brought in for "sale" purposes**

**There are liberal assortments of  
staples—blues and grays—and of the  
season's fashionable stripes, checks,  
and mixtures.**

**And the values—the BIG  
VALUES—are \$32, \$30, \$28 and  
\$25 Suits for**

**\$15.00**

**This is Strictly a Cash Sale**

**All Alterations will be Charged for**

**Northcott-Tate-Hagy Co.  
"Better Clothes"**

**926-928 4th Ave., Huntington, W. Va.**

**PIKE COUNTY NEWS**

**OLDEST WOMAN BAPTIZED.**

Aunt Cusey Hopkins, aged 106, perhaps the oldest woman in Eastern Kentucky, was admitted to the Baptist Church and baptized by immersion in the Sandy river last Sunday afternoon, Rev. N. T. Hopkins performing the ceremony. On account of her advanced age a place on the river near her home on Herald's Branch was selected for the baptism, and many attended.

Mrs. Hopkins is the mother of one son and three daughters and was an aged woman during the Civil War. Her mind is very clear, though she is slightly deaf. She became interested in the church and was called upon to decide who was the right pastor of the Mount Zion Baptist Church (colored), which is located near the Pikeville public school building, and also to say which of two contending factions was entitled to the use of the building.

Some weeks ago a dispute arose between Rev. Romes and Rev. Merida Martin, both having been pastors, and the twelve members of the church divided under the leadership of the two contenders. The faction under Rev. Romes bought a new padlock and put it on the church door. To offset this advantage, Rev. Martin's flock were in possession of the records of the church and neither could proceed without the assistance of the other. After according the litigants a hearing of their grievance, the court ordered the lock removed from the door, and that each congregation should have the use of the church half of the time. It was also suggested that the parties get together and endeavor to arrive at an amicable adjustment of their differences among themselves.

**SCHOOL CONTRACT LET.**

The contract for the building of the new city public and county high school was let last week to O. P. Raymond, of Cynthiana, the total contract price of building and plumbing being \$37,000, exclusive of the ground upon which it is to be built and the furnishings.

The contractor will begin tearing the old building down at once, and the work on the new one will begin as soon as preparations can be made for it.

When finished, this will be one of the finest school buildings in the State of Kentucky, having three stories, an auditorium and fourteen large and artistically arranged rooms.

The walls will be of brick and terra cotta, for which special designs of the latter will be made. The entire building will cover a ground space of 75 by 118 feet. The time allowed in the contract for its construction is six months. No city public school will be held during that time.

**PIKEVILLE CHURCHES.**

On account of the absence of the pastor, Rev. G. J. Daniels, no church services were held at the Christian Church last Sunday.

President Willis, of Morris Harvey College, Barboursville, W. Va., preached at the M. E. Church, South, last Sunday evening to a large congregation, and returned to Barboursville on Monday.

Since the sale of the beautiful new M. E. Church building and the resignation of its pastor, Rev. Samuel Linge, no Sunday School or church services have been held, although temporary

**MOONSHINE RAID.**

A moonshine plant on Jack's Creek, a tributary to Beaver, in Floyd county, was raided by revenue officers John M. Francis, of Whitesburg, U. G. McFarland, of Glasgow, and A. D. Wells, of Mount Sterling, aided by U. S. Deputy Matt Sanders, of Pikeville, and M. T. Allen, of Hindman, and three prisoners were captured, also a 50-gallon capacity still, one thousand gallons of beer, and two other outfitts without stills, all of which were promptly destroyed and the prisoners were brought to Pikeville Wednesday for examination before U. S. Commissioner Gray.

Attorney S. M. Cecil went to Catlettsburg on professional business last Saturday.

Miss Lucille Lawson, of Williamson, W. Va., has been the guest of her uncle and aunt Mr. and Mrs. Tom Williamson, and family at their home on Third street for several days of this week and last as business caller.

While here Capt. F. F. Freese, of Louisa, has been in our city for several days of this week and last as business caller.

C. P. Rice, of Paintsville, spent Sunday in Pikeville.

On account of the sickness of his mother, James Benfro was called to his former home in Louisville last week.

Mr. Benfro is now better.

Miss Roberta Sandusky arrived here from Lexington last Monday evening for a visit of a few weeks to Mrs. A. E. Auxier. Miss Sandusky was formerly a teacher and member of the faculty of Pikeville College, and she is now engaged in conducting classes in Domestic Science and Plain Sewing for little folks at the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Bailes returned last Monday evening from a visit of several weeks to relatives and friends at Monaca, Russell county, Virginia.

R. D. Oppenheimer, of Paintsville, was here Monday.

Mrs. Cornell, who formerly lived in West Pikeville, has recently been appointed matron of the dormitory of one of the colleges of Charleston, W.

**BIRTHDAY PARTY.**

Little Miss Pauline Cooper, aged 7, entertained twenty-five of her small friends Wednesday afternoon at a delightful birthday party. The little hostess lives on Elm street, near the top of Huffman Heights, and her children friends from all over the city came to help her make her seventh birthday a happy one; and indeed it was a happy one, for there was noth-

ing else but games, presents and nice things to eat, and not a soul to distract them during the whole afternoon. Little Miss Pauline was well remembered by all these children, who brought so many pretty gifts that she hardly knows what to do with them, and in turn she showed them what nice ice cream and cake and other dainties she had prepared for them, and the grown-ups who want to have swell parties and other social functions might have taken a lesson from this one.

**ASSASSINATED AT BURDINE.**

John Moore, a young man living at Jenkins, was found dead last Monday morning near the railway tracks just outside the mining camp of Burdine, beyond Jenkins, and no clue has been found up to this time that would indicate the source of his death, though it is certain the tragedy was the result of foul means. Letcher county feeling is at high tension over the atrocious crime, and the officials of that county are availing themselves of every possible means to run Moore's shyster to earth, and lynch methods are feared in the event he is taken.

Moore leaves a wife and several children.

**HACKNEY FAMILY TO FLORIDA.**

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hackney, who for several years past have successfully operated the Big Sandy hotel in this city, will move with their family to their fruit farm near White City, Florida, on September 1st. Mr. Hackney has been in ill health during the past few months, and he is hoping that the farm life in the tropical state will restore him. He left Wednesday for French Lick for a few days rest before starting south, and will return here about August 22nd to prepare for the journey.

The Hackneys have made many friends at Pikeville, who will be sorry to see them depart. Mrs. George will take the hotel.

**CUPID IN PIKE.**

Five marriage licenses were issued from the office of the Pike County Court during the past week, as follows: Reuben Wallace, 24, to Phoebe Akers, 19, Myra, Ky.

Landon Taylor, 19, to Martha Fraley, 18, Thomas, Floyd county.

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**LOCAL AND PERSONAL.**

Miss Zenni Justice, of Catlettsburg, arrived at Pikeville Monday en route to her former home at Fish Trap, where she will visit her grandparents for a few days.

John M. Fletcher is spending the week in the country taking depositions.

W. P. McVay, of Prestonsburg, arrived here last Monday for a short business call to this city.

The fall term at Pikeville College will open Tuesday, Sept. 1st, according to announcement recently made by J. P. Whitehead, the President. Owing to the fact that there will be no school at the city public school until the new building can be completed, the college will be crowded almost to the limit of its capacity; but extra facilities will be added, and the unusually large number that will attend will be taken care of.

Mrs. J. M. Parke and little daughter, Mildred, of Huntington, W. Va., who were the guests of Mrs. Parke's sister, Mrs. E. L. Burke, and family last week, returned home Saturday after having been delightfully entertained by Mrs. Burke, Mrs. M. C. Marquardt and other friends.

Chester Watkins, of Ashland, formerly of this city, came up last week for a visit to friends.

C. C. Wheeler and K. B. Williams, of Paintsville, were in this city during the latter part of last week.

Mrs. James Bates, of Crowder City, Okla., formerly of Grundy, Va., passed through Pikeville with her children last Thursday en route to Grundy to visit her former home.

A. P. Childress, postmaster at Lookout, attended a meeting of the Masonic Lodge at Pikeville last week.

Attorneys J. S. Cline and A. L. Ratliff went to the Forks of the river last Friday to take depositions. Miss Vernie Childress accompanied them as stenographer.

D. W. Dunn and W. H. Stafford, of Catlettsburg, have been business callers to Pikeville for several days.

Attorney Thos. H. Harman returned last Friday from Ashland.

Joe Nollkirk, who has spent the past three weeks at Lexington, Frankfort, Louisville and other Kentucky cities, returned last week.

Judge J. M. Roberson, of the Pike Circuit Court, and Robt. L. Miller, Police Judge of the City of Pikeville, went to Whitesburg last Saturday, where Judge Roberson convened the Letcher Circuit Court last Monday morning. They were accompanied as far as Jenkins by Everett Sowards.

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